

## Lever-Action Rifles



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**Browning BL-22**

Notes: This is a typical small-caliber lever-action rifle, grooved for tip-off scope mounts, and with a short-throw lever-action. The BL-22 can fire .22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle ammunition interchangeably, has a straight-wrist stock, and comes in several models. The standard BL-22 has a stock of American walnut and polished blued metalwork in its Grade I configuration; in Grade II configuration, the BL-22 uses finer wood, gold-plating on the trigger, checkering on the fore-end and wrist, and scroll engraving on the receiver. In both cases, the standard BL-22 has a 20-inch barrel. The BL-22 Classic has an octagonal heavy barrel, checkering on the fore-end and wrist, a nitride-finished receiver with scroll engraving, and an adjustable buckhorn rear sight with a gold bead front sight, with a 24-inch barrel.

The BL-22 Field comes in Grade I and II versions (denoting lower and higher levels of luxury); both have a satin-finished nickel receiver and a high-gloss-finished barrel, but the Grade II has a gold-plated trigger, checkering of the fore-end and wrist, and scroll engraving of the receiver, while the Grade I has a blued trigger, no checkering, and no engraving. The BL-22 Field uses a 20-inch barrel. Grade I and Grade II configurations are identical for game purposes.

A variant of the BL-22, the BL-17, fires the .17 Mach 2 Rimfire cartridge. These rifles are basically the same as the BL-22, and exist in the same variants, except for the caliber.

In 2011, Browning introduced the BL-22 Micro Midas. This is a shortened version of the BL-22, designed for young shooters. The Micro Midas is roughly the same as the standard BL-22 in its working parts, but the stock has a short 12-inch length of pull, an action lever with a shorter throw, a straight-wrist grip, and a 16.25-inch barrel with a recessed crown.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The BL-22 Field does not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline, nor does the BL-17 or the BL-22 Micro Midas.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>BL-22 Standard</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.27 kg	22 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$304
<b>BL-22 Classic</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.38 kg	22 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$351
<b>BL-22 Field</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.27 kg	22 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$304
<b>BL-17 Standard</b>	.17 Mach 2 Rimfire	2.32 kg	15 Tubular	\$479
<b>BL-17 Classic</b>	.17 Mach 2 Rimfire	2.44 kg	15 Tubular	\$526
<b>BL-17 Field</b>	.17 Mach 2 Rimfire	2.32 kg	15 Tubular	\$479
<b>BL-22 Micro Midas</b>	.22 Long Rifle	2.15 kg	15 Tubular	\$266

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-1	Nil	5	1	Nil	33
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	37
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41
<b>BL-22 Classic (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-1	Nil	6	1	Nil	40
<b>BL-22 Classic (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	45
<b>BL-22 Classic (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	49
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-1	Nil	5	1	Nil	33
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	37
<b>BL-22 Standard (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41
<b>BL-17 Standard</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	45
<b>BL-17 Classic</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	55
<b>BL-22 Micro Midas</b>	LA	1	Nil	4	1	Nil	33

**Browning BLR-81**

Notes: This is a sturdy lever-action rifle featuring a detachable magazine, a safety mechanism (unusual in lever-action rifles), and an artillery-style rotating bolt. The BLR is drilled and tapped for a scope, and the stock has a recoil pad. Though designed by Val Browning in Belgium, and prototypes were built by FN, the actual series production of the weapon was at first done by TRW in the US, and then done in Japan by Howa. (The TRW-made BLRs are quite rare, as few were made by TRW; to collectors, their RL price is quite high.) Stocks are of fairly fine hardwood, and use a short checkered fore-end. Safety features include a manual safety, a half-cock position, and a firing-pin safety. Changes made by Howa in 1981 include a flat-sided receiver, changed the forend to that it is flush with the underside of the barrel, and from a bolt with eight locking lugs to one with six slightly wider lugs. This was done to streamline and modernize the appearance as well as simplify manufacturing.

Variants include the BLR Lightweight '81, a lighter version of the BLR-81; this lighter weight is achieved by more advanced manufacturing methods and materials. It is also designed to use a greater variety of cartridges than the BLR-81, including some magnum rounds. Both use a traditional-style straight-wrist English-style stock. The BLR-81 Long-Action (also known as the BLR-81 Magnum) is meant for the firing of long and magnum cartridges; and was sold from 1991-95. As opposed to the standard 20-inch

barrel, the barrel of the Long-Action is 22 inches, or 24 inches in 7mm Remington Magnum. The BLR-81 Lightning was introduced in 1996, replacing all other BLRs (except for the Lightweight, which came along in about 2000); it comes in standard-length and long-action models, and have 22-inch barrels. They also have a pistol-grip wrist and rounded fore-end.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The BLR Lightweight '81 is not available in the Twilight 2000 timeline, nor is the Lightning.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
BLR-81	.222 Remington	3.2 kg	4	\$1283
BLR-81	5.56mm NATO	3.26 kg	4	\$1320
BLR-81	.22-250 Remington	3.37 kg	4	\$1414
BLR-81	.243 Winchester	3.74 kg	4	\$1726
BLR-81	.257 Roberts	3.95 kg	4	\$2054
BLR-81	7mm-08 Remington	3.88 kg	4	\$2265
BLR-81	7.62mm NATO	4.01 kg	4	\$2589
BLR-81	.358 Winchester	5.07 kg	4	\$3827
BLR-81 Long-Action	.270 Winchester	3.85 kg	4	\$2730
BLR-81 Long-Action	7mm Remington Magnum	3.92 kg	4	\$2828
BLR-81 Long-Action	.30-06 Springfield	4.17 kg	4	\$3233
BLR-81 Lightning	.22-250 Remington	3.17 kg	4	\$1503
BLR-81 Lightning	5.56mm NATO	3.09 kg	4	\$1410
BLR-81 Lightning	.243 Winchester	3.46 kg	4	\$1814
BLR-81 Lightning	.270 Winchester	4.22 kg	4	\$2730
BLR-81 Lightning	7mm-08 Remington	3.95 kg	4	\$2350
BLR-81 Lightning	7.62mm NATO	4.19 kg	4	\$2673
BLR-81 Lightning	.30-06 Springfield	4.59 kg	4	\$3233
BLR-81 Lightning	.300 Winchester Magnum	4.8 kg	4	\$3834
BLR Lightweight '81	.22-250 Remington	2.95 kg	4	\$1414
BLR Lightweight '81	.243 Winchester	3.15 kg	4	\$1726
BLR Lightweight '81	.270 Winchester Short Magnum	3.42 kg	4	\$2247
BLR Lightweight '81	.270 Winchester	3.68 kg	4	\$2667
BLR Lightweight '81	7mm-08 Remington	3.36 kg	4	\$2236
BLR Lightweight '81	7mm Winchester Short Magnum	3.46 kg	4	\$2345
BLR Lightweight '81	7mm Remington Magnum	3.84 kg	4	\$2766
BLR Lightweight '81	7.62mm NATO	3.48 kg	4	\$2589
BLR Lightweight '81	.30-06 Springfield	3.56 kg	4	\$3173
BLR Lightweight '81	.300 Winchester Short Magnum	3.2 kg	4	\$2716
BLR Lightweight '81	.300 Winchester Magnum	3.8 kg	4	\$3836
BLR Lightweight '81	.325 Winchester Short Magnum	3.29 kg	4	\$2962
BLR Lightweight '81	.358 Winchester	3.27 kg	4	\$3827
BLR Lightweight '81	.450 Marlin	3.18 kg	4	\$1414

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
BLR-81 (.222)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	57
BLR-81 (5.56mm)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	55
BLR-81 (.22-250)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	51
BLR-81 (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	52
BLR-81 (.257)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	50
BLR-81 (7mm-08)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	61
BLR-81 (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	62
BLR-81 (.358)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	62
BLR-81 Long-Action (.270)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	55
BLR-81 Long-Action (7mm Rem Mag)	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	78
BLR-81 Long-Action (.30-06)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	62
BLR-81 Lightning (.22-250)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	59
BLR-81 Lightning (5.56mm)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	63
BLR-81 Lightning (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	60
BLR-81 Lightning (.270)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	55
BLR-81 Lightning (7mm-08)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	70
BLR-81 Lightning (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	72

<b>BLR-81 Lightning (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	62
<b>BLR-81 Lightning (.300 Win Mag)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	71
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.22-250)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	51
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.243)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	52
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.270 WSM)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	80
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.270 Win)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	55
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (7mm-08)</b>	LA	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (7mm WSM)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	93
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (7mm Rem Mag)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	78
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (7.62mm)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.300 WSM)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	7	5	Nil	86
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.300 Win Mag)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	81
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.325)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	7	5	Nil	86
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.358)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>BLR Lightweight '81 (.450)</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	75

### Browning 1886 Sporting Rifle

Notes: This is a modern replica of Winchester 1886 rifle, introduced in 1986. It is a more-or-less faithful replica, except for the modern construction methods being used; as a result, it has the old-style styling and an octagonal barrel, with a blued receiver. It was however built to more precise standards. Like many FN/Browning weapons, the actual series production was done by Miroku in Japan, with final finishing done in Belgium. Initial production was done only from 1986-87, but an additional batch of 7000 were built in 1992 due to customer demand.

Some more updated versions were also built. The Model 71 Carbine is the same as the rifle, but with only a 20-inch barrel and firing .348 Winchester cartridges. The Model 71 Rifle was also the same, but had a 24-inch barrel. Both used round heavy barrels and also came in High Grade deluxe versions. The Grade I Carbine had a 22-inch barrel. In addition, several deluxe versions of each weapon were built, including the Montana Centennial version, the Grade II Carbine, and the Grade II rifle.

These rifles were not actually built in Belgium; they were sub-contracted to Miroku in Japan, the same company that makes Howa rifles.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Browning 1886</b>	.45-70 Government	4.26 kg	8 Tubular	\$1476
<b>Model 71 Carbine</b>	.348 Winchester	3.54 kg	4 Tubular	\$4034
<b>Model 71 Rifle</b>	.348 Winchester	3.7 kg	4 Tubular	\$4159
<b>Grade I Carbine</b>	.45-70 Government	3.76 kg	8 Tubular	\$1436

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Browning 1886</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	92
<b>Model 71 Carbine</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	65
<b>Model 71 Rifle</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	85
<b>Grade I Carbine</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72

### Browning 1895 Sporting Rifle

Notes: This replica is of the 1895 Winchester rifle (originally designed by John Browning). For some reason, the original rifles were chambered for .30-06 Springfield (a cartridge that did not exist in 1895), but after 6000 guns were built, Browning switched to the original caliber, .30-40 Krag. The .30-40 Krag chambering actually proved to be less popular with modern buyers, and only 2000 were built (though more are still being made).

Construction is of blued steel with straight-wristed walnut furniture. The barrel is a full 24 inches, and sighting is through a spring-leaf and elevator sight. As with most of the FN/Browning designs, the actual production was subcontracted to Miroku in Japan, with final finishing done in Belgium.

A variant of the Model 1895, the Model 1895 High Grade Rifle, was built from 1984-85. This version had elaborate engraving and scrollwork on the receiver, along with select-grade walnut carrying hand-checkering on the wrist and fore-end. This deluxe version was made in both chamberings in small numbers, but they are identical to the standard versions for game purposes.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Browning 1895</b>	.30-06 Springfield	3.75 kg	4	\$3178
<b>Browning 1895</b>	.30-40 Krag	3.63 kg	4	\$2969

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Browning 1895 (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	71
<b>Browning 1895 (.30-40)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	76

**Browning B-92**

Notes: The B-92 (also known as the M-92 or Model 92) is another replica, this time of a Winchester 1892 carbine. It is a classically-styled weapon, different only in manufacturing methods. Most have blued steel metalwork with a 20-inch barrel, and a spring-leaf-and-elevator rear sight. Stocks are of walnut with a straight wrist; the wrist and fore-end are checkered.

A few variants were built: the Model 53 Rifle fires .32-20 Winchester Centerfire ammunition, and has a longer 22-inch rifle. The Model 65 Grade I fires the tiny .218 Bee cartridge through a 24-inch barrel. And a deluxe version of the basic carbine, called the Model 65 High Grade, was also built.

Some "minor" variants include the B-92 Centennial Model in .44 Magnum and the BCA (Browning Collectors' Association) Commemorative Edition in .357 and .44 Magnum. These are identical to their non-commemorative counterparts for game purposes.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>B-92</b>	.357 Magnum	2.72 kg	11 Tubular	\$670
<b>B-92</b>	.44 Magnum	3.02 kg	11 Tubular	\$868
<b>Model 53</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.64 kg	7 Tubular	\$592
<b>Model 65 Grade I</b>	.218 Bee	3.38 kg	11 Tubular	\$1102

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>B-92 (.357)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	56
<b>B-92 (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Model 53</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	63
<b>Model 65 Grade I</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	70

**Browning/Winchester 1886 Extra Light**

Notes: This is a reproduction of the Winchester 1886 Extra Light carbine. The Browning/Winchester reproduction has lines and features similar if not the same as the original, and includes an exposed hammer, a round standard-weight barrel, and a straight-wrist stock. The capped fore-end are of American Walnut. The only visible design difference is the rebounding hammer (the original has a half-cock safety). The tang still has a safety lever on it. Sights are simple buckhorn rear and a gold bead front sight, neither of which are adjustable. The trigger pull is known to be lighter than one would expect from such a rifle, and the trigger and grip dimensions are almost ergonomic. The Browning/Winchester reproduction is chambered in only one caliber, as opposed to nine chamberings of the original.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Browning/Winchester 1886</b>	.45-70 Government	3.29 kg	5 Tubular	\$1439

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Browning/Winchester 1886</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72

**Rossi 92SRC**

Notes: This is an imported Argentine rifle, often seen in the "spaghetti westerns" of the 1950s and 60s. It is patterned after the 1892 Winchester, with top ejection. This unfortunately makes it difficult to attach a sight.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Rossi 92SRC	.357 Magnum	2.61 kg	8 Tubular	\$672
Rossi 92SRC	.44-40 Winchester	2.94 kg	8 Tubular	\$881
Rossi 92SRC	.44 Magnum	2.91 kg	8 Tubular	\$871

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Rossi 92SRC (.357)	LA	3	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	56
Rossi 92SRC (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
Rossi 92SRC (.44)	LA	4	1-1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56

**Rossi Circuit Judge**

Notes: This an interesting sort of rifle – it is one of those rare firearms that start as revolvers and are then built up into rifles. And that's what the Circuit Judge is – a Taurus "The Judge" revolver that has had a carbine-length barrel added, sights (fiberoptic on the front), a fore-end, and a recoil pad on the butt. Barrels are short at 18.5 inches.

The Circuit Judge Synthetic uses synthetic furniture, including a thumbhole stock instead of a solid stock. Atop the receiver is a flattop bar with an attached MIL-STD-1913 rail. Under the front of the fore-end is a very short length of rail, just enough for the attachment of a bipod or laser pointer. The Circuit Judge Synthetic fires any/all of three cartridges. A second type of Circuit Judge Synthetic fires rimfire rounds and has a Mannlicher cheek swell. Metalwork is blued.

The Circuit Judge in .44 Magnum has a hardwood stock with polishing, a deep pistol grip wrist, and a high Mannlicher-style cheekpiece. The fore-end is likewise hardwood. There are sling swivels on the fore-end and under the stock. Atop the action is a MIL-STD-1913 rail. Sights are as on the Synthetic. Another version of the Circuit Judge include a version which fires a variety of .410 shells as well as .45 Long Colt. The finish on this version, however, is stainless steel and unblued. The third Circuit Judge is similar, but cannot fire 2.75" shells; otherwise, and this version has a 22" barrel. Yet another Circuit Judge uses the revolver base, but is operated by lever action. The Circuit Judge Tuffy has a skeletonized synthetic stock with a recoil pad, a fore-end with a short length of MIL-STD-1913 rail underneath, a split rail atop the cylinder strap, and a true pistol grip.

The Trail Judge is a true lever action; it *is* in fact a pistol (legally, anyway), with an abbreviated wood stock and a 12-inch barrel. It is included here for completeness, though to me it seems more like an SBR of sorts. Finish may be blued or stainless. The barrel is rifled, but this does not affect range in T2K terms.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Circuit Judge Synthetic	.45 Long Colt, .410 Gauge 2.75", and .410 Gauge 2.5"	2.13 kg	6 Cylinder	\$474
Circuit Judge Synthetic	.22 Long Rifle and .22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.13 kg	6 Cylinder	\$329
Circuit Judge	.44 Magnum	2.35 kg	6 Cylinder	\$440
Circuit Judge	28 Gauge 2.75" and 2.5"	2.55 kg	5 Cylinder	\$392
Circuit Judge	.45 Long Colt, .410 Gauge 3", .410 Gauge 2.75", .410 Gauge 2.5"	2.42 kg	5 Cylinder	\$473
Circuit Judge	.45 Long Colt, .410 Gauge 3", .410 Gauge 2.5"	2.42 kg	5 Cylinder	\$508
Circuit Judge Lever-Action	.45 Long Colt, .410 Gauge 3", .410 Gauge 2.75", .410 Gauge 2.5"	2.4 kg	5 Cylinder	\$1002
Circuit Judge Tuffy	.45 Long Colt, .410 Gauge 3", .410 Gauge 2.75", .410 Gauge 2.5"	2.13 kg	5 Cylinder	\$1015
Trail Judge	.410 Gauge 2.5"	1.81 kg	4 Tubular	\$471

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Circuit Judge Synthetic (.45 LC)	DAR	5	2-4-Nil	5	7	Nil	52
Circuit Judge Synthetic (.410 2.5")	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	23
Circuit Judge Synthetic (.410 2.75")	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	27
Circuit Judge Synthetic (.22 LR)	DAR	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
Circuit Judge Synthetic (.22 WMR)	DAR	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	47
Circuit Judge (.44)	DAR	4	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	62
Circuit Judge (28 GA 2.75")	DAR	3/1d6x12 or 2d6x4	2-Nil/Nil or Nil	6	3	Nil	30
Circuit Judge (28 GA 2.5")	DAR	3/1d6x12 or 2d6x4	2-Nil/Nil or Nil	6	3	Nil	25

<b>Circuit Judge (.45 LC)</b>	DAR	5	2-4-Nil	5	7	Nil	52
<b>Circuit Judge (.410, 3")</b>	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	31
<b>Circuit Judge (.410, 2.75")</b>	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	27
<b>Circuit Judge (.410, 2.5")</b>	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	23
<b>Circuit Judge (.45, 22" Barrel)</b>	DAR	5	2-4-Nil	6	3	Nil	74
<b>Circuit Judge (.410, 3", 22" Barrel)</b>	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	6	3	Nil	32
<b>Circuit Judge (.410, 2.5", 22" Barrel)</b>	DAR	2/1d8x6	1-Nil/Nil	6	3	Nil	23
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.45 LC)</b>	LA	3	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	52
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 3")</b>	LA	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	25
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 2.75")</b>	LA	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	22
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 2.5")</b>	LA	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	19
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.45 LC)</b>	DAR	3	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	52
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 3")</b>	DAR	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	25
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 2.75")</b>	DAR	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	22
<b>Circuit Judge Lever Action (.410, 2.5")</b>	DAR	2/1d6x4	1-Nil/Nil	5	3	Nil	19
<b>Trail Judge</b>	LA	2/1d6x4	1-Nil/Nil	4	2	Nil	11

### Rossi Puma

Notes: Essentially a modification of John Browning's Model 92 Winchester, the first Puma was introduced in 1976. Though the first Pumas were given the designation of "Model 67," they were often called the "Model 92" (whether mistakenly or otherwise) due their resemblance to John Browning's rifle. The Puma is essentially an old-style lever-action rifle, with a straight-wrist stock, a loading gate on the right side with a spring-loaded cover, and a half-length fore-end. The exposed hammer used a half-cock safety as well as a conventional manual safety. Construction was largely of steel with some brass touches, and polished walnut woodwork. The barrels were 20 inches long, with a full-length tubular magazine underneath.

The Model 65 was the first Puma to enter production in July 1976; the Model 67 could fire .357 Magnum and .38 Special ammunition interchangeably, even to the extent of mixing the different ammunition types in the magazine. Though they had normal serial numbers until December of that year, a "K" was added at the beginning of the number string to differentiate it from the Model 77 (see later in this entry). In July 1977, a lighter and less expensive version of the Model 67 was introduced; this was the Model 77, which could fire only .38 Special ammunition. As with the Model 67, they started out with standard-type serial numbers, but in December of 1977 they had a "B" added to the front of their serial number string.

Though variants of the Puma firing various .44 calibers had been experimented since the introduction of the Model 67, they were not produced commercially until the early 1980s. This was the Model 65, which could chamber .44 Magnum or .44-40 Winchester interchangeably. They were, unfortunately, never made in great quantities, though they were built until 1989.

At this point, Rossi licensed the Puma name and design to the US firm of Legacy Arms. In the mid-1990s, they began producing their own Pumas, calling them the Model 92 series; these versions use a longer 24-inch octagonal barrel. Though they started out making the standard Puma chamberings (except for the .38 Special-only version), they quickly began producing versions with 20-inch and 16-inch round barrels (which they call carbine versions), as well as .44 Magnum, .480 Ruger and .454 Casull carbines with 18-inch round barrels. Through the years have produced Pumas in some quite powerful chamberings, with the last being the .480 Ruger chambering introduced in 2004.

The El Jefe goes to the other extreme, chambered in rimfire; it has a 20-inch round barrel and a wood stock with a blued finish. The magazine is closed and fixed so that it may only be loaded and unloaded through the loading gate/ejection port. Like the others, it is drilled and tapped for a scope mount.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The Legacy Puma does not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Magazines</b>	<b>Price</b>
<b>Model 65</b>	.357 Magnum and .38 Special	3.71 kg	10 Tubular	\$660
<b>Model 77</b>	.38 Special	3.52 kg	10 Tubular	\$637
<b>Model 67</b>	.44 Magnum and .44-40 Winchester	4.31 kg	10 Tubular	\$827
<b>Legacy Model 92</b>	.357 Magnum and .38 Special	3.62 kg	10 Tubular	\$740
<b>Legacy Model 92</b>	.44 Magnum and .44-40 Winchester	4.21 kg	10 Tubular	\$897
<b>Legacy Model 92</b>	.45 Long Colt	4.33 kg	10 Tubular	\$947
<b>Legacy Model 92</b>	.454 Casull	4.41 kg	10 Tubular	\$984
<b>Legacy Model 92</b>	.480 Ruger	4.44 kg	9 Tubular	\$996
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (16")</b>	.357 Magnum and .38 Special	3.35 kg	10 Tubular	\$610
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20")</b>	.357 Magnum and .38 Special	3.45 kg	10 Tubular	\$650
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18")</b>	.44 Magnum and .44-40 Winchester	3.97 kg	10 Tubular	\$797
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20")</b>	.44 Magnum and .44-40 Winchester	4.01 kg	10 Tubular	\$817
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (16")</b>	.45 Long Colt	4 kg	9 Tubular	\$824
<b>Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20")</b>	.45 Long Colt	4.12 kg	10 Tubular	\$864

Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18")	.454 Casull	4.16 kg	9 Tubular	\$882
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20")	.454 Casull	4.2 kg	10 Tubular	\$902
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18")	.480 Ruger	4.19 kg	9 Tubular	\$896
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20")	.480 Ruger	4.23 kg	10 Tubular	\$916
Model 92 El Jefe	.22 Long Rifle	1.27 kg	22 Tubular	\$304

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Model 65 (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	54
Model 65 (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	67
Model 77	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	54
Model 67 (.44)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	67
Model 67 (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	56
Legacy Model 92 (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	68
Legacy Model 92 (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	84
Legacy Model 92 (.44)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	84
Legacy Model 92 (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	71
Legacy Model 92 (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	70
Legacy Model 92 (.454)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	2	Nil	87
Legacy Model 92 (.480)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	84
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (16" .38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	42
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	54
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (16" .357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	53
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	67
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18" .44)	LA	4	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	60
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .44)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	67
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18" .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	51
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	56
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (16" .45)	LA	3	2-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .45)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18" .454)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	62
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .454)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	69
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (18" .480)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	60
Legacy Model 92 Carbine (20" .480)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	67
Model 92 El Jefe	LA	1	Nil	5	2	Nil	41

### Rossi Ranch Hand

Notes: OK, the Ranch Hand – It's not a rifle, and not really a pistol (though in the US it *is* legally a pistol). What you have here is a type of firearm called a "mare's leg" – a lever-action rifle based on the Model 92 with a much-abbreviated barrel and magazine and an equally-abbreviated stock. It has a large lever loop to make it easier to cock with one hand, and it is meant to be fired with one hand (though two are better). In addition, there is a saddle ring on the right side of the receiver. It does have sights – a gold-bead front sight and a buckhorn rear. The butt of the stocklet (is that even a word?) has a steel plate, so theoretically could be fired from the shoulder, but the short LOP really prevents this in anyone bigger than a child. In the end, the Ranch Hand seems to me to be a more personal last-ditch defensive weapon or something just for fun. Receiver finishes are color-case hardened or blued; even on the color-case hardened models, the barrels, magazines, butt plates, levers, and triggers are all blued.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Ranch Hand	.38 Special/.357 Magnum	1.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$567
Ranch Hand	.44 Magnum	1.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$708
Ranch Hand	.45 Long Colt	1.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$841

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Ranch Hand (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	2	4	Nil	26
Ranch Hand (.357)	LA	3	1-1-Nil	2	4	Nil	32
Ranch Hand (.44)	LA	4	1-1-Nil	2	4	Nil	32
Ranch Hand (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	3	4	Nil	32

### Rossi Rio Grande

Notes: The Rio Grande is one of Rossi's newest lever-action offerings. Stocks and pump slides are of walnut, with ventilated rubber recoil pads on the butt; one version of the .30-30 chambering is an exception, as it has synthetic camouflaged furniture. The receivers are topped with a short length of MIL-STD-1913 rail; iron sights consists of a narrow, high blade front and an adjustable



notch rear. Barrels are uniformly 20 inches in length, but chamberings vary. Finishes also vary; the .45-70 exposed metalwork is blued or in stainless steel (a bow to customer demand), while some are either or. All have exposed hammers; the .45-70 chambering has an enlarged loop lever.

The Rio Grande Blue Rifle is one of "either or" Rio Grandes, at first finished only in blued metal work (though stainless steel came later). The Blue Rifle has a large, loop lever of a style originally made for use from horseback. Like the rest of the Rio Grande line, the Blue Rifle tries to keep as much as possible to authentic Old West standards, even to having the capability to fire blackpowder rounds; however, the Rio Grande is an amalgam of old and new. The sights are of the buckhorn type and the stock is finished in a hardwood-type finish (though the stock and slide are walnut. The safety borrows from Taurus's design for safeties for lever-action rifles.

The Rio Grande Stainless in .410 Gauge fires smaller shotgun shells. It's essentially a lever-action shotgun. The "Stainless" moniker refers to the metalwork, which is stainless steel. The Stainless .410 is also available in blued stainless steel for the external metalwork. The standard choke is Full, and there are no removable muzzle tubes. The Rio Grande Black .410 has it's internal metalwork finished in gloss black.

The Rio Grande Stainless in .30-30 is similar to other stainless steel rifles in the series, including being able to get a blued finish over the stainless steel.

The Rio Grande Synthetic has a synthetic stock, but is otherwise the same as other .30-30 Rio Grandes. It is of course lighter, and finish is medium gray, except for the metalwork, which may be stainless or blued over stainless.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Rio Grande Blue Rifle	.45-70 Government	2.63 kg	6 Tubular	\$1494
Rio Grande Stainless	.410 Gauge 2.75"	2.63 kg	6 Tubular	\$626
Rio Grande Stainless	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	6 Tubular	\$829
Rio Grande Synthetic	.30-30 Winchester	2.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$841

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Rio Grande Blue Rifle	LA	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
Rio Grande (.410 Gauge)	LA	2/1d6x8	1-Nil/Nil	6	3	Nil	24
Rio Grande (.30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
Rio Grande Synthetic	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	62

### Rossi Gallery Rifle

Notes: This pump-action small-caliber rifle was based on the Winchester Model 62. Production of the first version, the Model 37, began in 1962, and is still in production. The stock and grooved slide lever are of polished hardwood and the stock has a straight wrist. Though the profile is noticeably compact and slim, it does have a slab-sided receiver with metalwork of steel and with brass touches on certain parts such as the trigger guard and the exposed hammer. The hammer has a half-cock safety, with an interlock preventing firing until the action is securely locked. Feed is from a long underbarrel magazine.

In the US, the Rossi Gallery series is primarily sold through Interarms, though they usually still carry the Rossi name.

As said, the Model 37 was the first version; it chambers .22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle interchangeably. The barrel is 23 inches long, and the sights consist of a front blade and a rear spring-leaf and elevator adjustable sight. In 1980, a version with stainless steel metalwork and a higher quality of brass was introduced.

The Model 57 Gallery Junior was introduced in 1970. Unlike other Gallery series rifles, the Model 57 was sold in the US by Harrington & Richardson (and called the Model 749 by H&R), and in the US primarily carried the H&R name. The Model 57 was sold primarily in the US, and sales elsewhere were quite limited. For that matter, sales in the US were never high. The Model 57 was basically a Model 37 with a short 16.5-inch barrel, and the tubular magazine ended level with the muzzle. The Model 57 is the only member of the Gallery series which is no longer manufactured, with production ending in 1972. However, an improved version, the Model 73 Gallery Junior II, was introduced in 1975 (but not distributed in the US by H&R). The Model 73 is still being manufactured.

The Model 59 Gallery Magnum is also essentially a Model 37, but it is rechambered for the .22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire cartridge, and the magazine is shortened somewhat. Though slightly longer than the Model 37, this is primarily due to the longer action required to chamber the longer cartridges.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Model 37	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.42 kg	13 (.22 Long Rifle), 16 (.22 Long), 20 (.22 Short); Tubular	\$294
Model 57	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.22 kg	13 (.22 Long Rifle), 16 (.22 Long), 20 (.22 Short); Tubular	\$228
Model 59	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.36 kg	10 Tubular	\$326
Model 73	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.09 kg	13 (.22 Long Rifle), 16 (.22 Long), 20 (.22 Short); Tubular	\$229

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Model 37 (.22 Short)	PA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	32
Model 37 (.22 Long)	PA	-1	Nil	5	1	Nil	35

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<b>Model 37 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	PA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	46
<b>Model 57 (.22 Short)</b>	PA	-2	Nil	4	1	Nil	23
<b>Model 57 (.22 Long)</b>	PA	-1	Nil	4	1	Nil	26
<b>Model 57 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	PA	1	Nil	4	1	Nil	34
<b>Model 59</b>	PA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	72
<b>Model 73 (.22 Short)</b>	PA	-2	Nil	4	1	Nil	23
<b>Model 73 (.22 Long)</b>	PA	-1	Nil	4	1	Nil	26
<b>Model 73 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	PA	1	Nil	4	1	Nil	34

**Sako VL-63 Finnwolf**

Notes: This is a lever-action rifle built in small-numbers between 1959 and 1962. It was fed from a box-magazine rather than the tubular-magazine that is normal for lever-action rifles; this allowed the weapon to fire more modern pointed-nose bullets. This also allowed the Finnwolf to use the half-stock that so many Sako rifles already used. The VL-73 used a staggered-box magazine to allow it to fit flush with the bottom of the stock, but is otherwise the same.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
VL-63 Finnwolf	.243 Winchester	3.06 kg	4	\$1753
VL-63 Finnwolf	7.62mm NATO	4.49 kg	4	\$2612

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
VL-63 Finnwolf (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	63
VL-63 Finnwolf (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	76

**Erma EG-712**

Notes: This light German carbine is unusual in that it is high-capacity for a lever-action weapon. It does not fire an exceptionally powerful cartridge, but the barrel is of good length and it has decent range. It is basically a German copy of the Winchester Model 94, with an exposed hammer and rails for a scope mount. The EG-712 is designed for .22 Short, .22 Long, of .22 Long Rifle rounds (interchangeably); the EG-73 is a rare variant designed for the .22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire round.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The EG-73 was a common sight in the hands of Western European youths.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>EG-712</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.4 kg	21 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle; Tubular)	\$289
<b>EG-73</b>	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.49 kg	12 Tubular	\$360

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>EG-712 (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	31
<b>EG-712 (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	35
<b>EG-712 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>EG-73</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	50

**JB Custom 1892 Mare's Leg**

Notes: A rifle in every other aspect but its barrel length, the 1892 Mare's Leg is officially classified as a pistol by US law, but is essentially a short-barreled lever-action rifle. It has a half-length buttstock. Versions come in 12-inch barrel (with 6-round capacity) and 10.5-inch barrel (3-round capacity) versions. They feature a large loop-type throw lever, a short stock and butt, a straight wrist, an adjustable rear semi-buckhorn sight, a dovetailed front bead sight, and a saddle ring. Furniture is wood. The rifle (pistol) is sold as a limited edition. JB Custom 1892 Mare's Leg is actually built by Rossi, for export.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
1892 Mare's Leg (12" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	1.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$641
1892 Mare's Leg (12" Barrel)	.44 Magnum	2.06 kg	6 Tubular	\$839
1892 Mare's Leg (12" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	2.07 kg	6 Tubular	\$849
1892 Mare's Leg (12" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	2.14 kg	6 Tubular	\$916
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	1.69 kg	3 Tubular	\$577
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5" Barrel)	.44 Magnum	1.92 kg	3 Tubular	\$776
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	1.93 kg	3 Tubular	\$785
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	2 kg	3 Tubular	\$852

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
1892 Mare's Leg (12", .357)	LA	3	1-Nil	3	4	Nil	56
1892 Mare's Leg (12", .44)	LA	4	1-Nil	3	4	Nil	56
1892 Mare's Leg (12", .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	3	4	Nil	56
1892 Mare's Leg (12", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	3	4	Nil	56
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5", .357)	LA	3	1-Nil	2	3	Nil	28
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5", .44)	LA	4	1-Nil	2	4	Nil	28
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5", .44-40)	LA	2	1-Nil	2	4	Nil	28
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	2	4	Nil	28

**Cimarron Model 1865**

Notes: The Cimarron Model 1865 is a modern replica of the Spencer 1865 Repeating Carbine; it is a replica than reproduction because the Cimarron version fires both modern and blackpowder ammunition, uses modern manufacturing methods and materials, and can fire several cartridges the original Spencer Carbine could not – and the Cimarron version does not fire the original proprietary .56-56 rimfire cartridge that the original Spencer Carbine fired. (It also fires the .56-50 Spencer centerfire cartridge however – a cartridge that many Spencers were converted to fire after its introduction.) The Cimarron reproduction also comes in a rifle version. Though the Cimarron Model 1865 can fire both modern-propellant and blackpowder cartridges, I have included only modern propellant cartridges in the stats below. The Cimarron 1865 looks externally virtually identical to the original Spencer, with a color-case hardened finish for its receiver, hammer, trigger, and cocking lever, and a blued barrel. The Cimarron version has a stock and fore-end of better-quality walnut than was found on the original Spencer. The carbine versions use a 20-inch barrel and have side-mounted saddle rings; the rifle version uses a 30-inch barrel and does not have saddle rings. The action of the Cimarron version is much simplified over that of the original Spencer, and operates more smoothly than the original (jamming of the action was a common complaint of users of the original Spencer Carbine). As with the original, the Cimarron 1865's tubular magazine is located in the buttstock. Like the original, the Cimarron replica does not have a spent case ejection system and does not really eject spent shells – they simply fall out of the action when the cocking lever is cycled, and it is therefore best if the shooter angles the barrel upwards while cocking to ensure that spent shells do not get caught in the receiver, and one should also snap the lever smartly back to its firing position.

The magazine capacity of the Cimarron replica is nominally seven rounds; it should be noted, however, that due to Italian law, plugs were inserted in the Cimarron 1865s sold in Italy and initial versions sold in the US that allowed only five rounds in the magazine. Cimarron is currently beginning to ship Model 1865s to the US with a magazine capacity of seven rounds, and plans to sell kits in the US that increase the capacity of those initial batches of Cimarron 1865s to seven rounds.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Cimarron 1865 Carbine	.56-50 Spencer	3.74 kg	7 Tubular	\$963
Cimarron 1865 Carbine	.44-40 Winchester	3.76 kg	7 Tubular	\$882
Cimarron 1865 Carbine	.45 S&W Schofield	3.76 kg	7 Tubular	\$843
Cimarron 1865 Carbine	.45 Long Colt	3.76 kg	7 Tubular	\$949
Cimarron 1865 Rifle	.56-50 Spencer	4.45 kg	7 Tubular	\$1065

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Cimarron 1865 Carbine (.56-50)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	51
Cimarron 1865 Carbine (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
Cimarron 1865 Carbine (.45 S&W Schofield)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	52
Cimarron 1865 Carbine (.45 Long Colt)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	67
Cimarron 1865 Rifle	LA	3	2-Nil	8	2	Nil	82

**Cimarron Model 1873 Carbine**

Notes: This rifle is a modern reproduction of the Winchester Model 1873 Carbine. Appearance, form, fit, and finish are all virtually identical to the Winchester, but the Cimarron reproduction differs in several points. The front sight is integral with the barrel band; this simplifies production, but also means that is the barrel band becomes loose, the front sight wanders. The Cimarron lacks the cleaning rod in the stock that the Winchester had. The barrel is only 19 inches, as opposed to the 20-inch barrel of the original. Original Winchester 1873 Carbines were chambered for either .38 Winchester Centerfire or .44 Winchester Centerfire blackpowder cartridges, but the Cimarron reproductions are chambered for cartridges using modern propellants.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.32-20 Winchester	3.21 kg	10 Tubular	\$566
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.38-40 Winchester	3.29 kg	10 Tubular	\$765
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.357 Magnum	3.39 kg	10 Tubular	\$665
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.44 Special	3.62 kg	10 Tubular	\$798
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.44-40 Winchester	3.74 kg	10 Tubular	\$873
Cimarron 1873 Carbine	.45 Long Colt	3.84 kg	10 Tubular	\$939

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	54
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.38-40)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	48
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	53
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.44)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	51
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	53
Cimarron 1873 Carbine (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	53

**Cimarron Model 1873 Rifle**

Notes: Just as the Model 1873 Carbine is an almost-exact modern reproduction of the Winchester Model 1873 Carbine, the Cimarron Model 1873 Rifle is a near-reproduction of the Winchester Model 1873 Rifle. The receiver, lever, hammer, and trigger are all case-hardened color. The barrel is a 24-inch tapered octagonal one, which is the proper length for a Winchester 1873 Rifle. The stock is of walnut, where the originals were generally of whatever hardwood one could find at a decent price at the time, oil-finished to a dark shine. The stock is made of wood which is very straight-grained, unlike the stocks of the original Winchester, which had a lot of wood-grain. Options for the Cimarron version include Fancy (AA) and Super Fancy (AAA) deluxe versions, and a hand-checked butt, pistol grip wrist, and fore-end, none of which were available on the original Winchester. The sights are somewhat different (but very similar) than those of the original model, with a semi-buckhorn rear sight and a dovetailed front blade. The trigger pull is hard at 6 pounds, but this is like the trigger of the original Winchester rifle. The safety is harder to activate and deactivate than that of the original.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.32-20 Winchester	4.04 kg	12 Tubular	\$623
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.38-40 Winchester	4.14 kg	12 Tubular	\$842
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.357 Magnum	4.27 kg	12 Tubular	\$722
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.44 Special	4.56 kg	12 Tubular	\$855
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.44-40 Winchester	4.71 kg	12 Tubular	\$930
Cimarron 1873 Rifle	.45 Long Colt	4.84 kg	12 Tubular	\$997

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	1	Nil	71
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	70
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	84
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.44)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	68
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	2	Nil	71
Cimarron 1873 Rifle (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	2	Nil	70

**Uberti Model 1866 Yellowboy**

Notes: This is a modern replica of the Model 1866 Winchester, which was itself essentially an improved version of the Henry rifle of that period. Like the original Winchester, the receiver is of brass, with a brass frame and butt plate, which give the carbine its "Yellowboy" moniker. However, the barrel of the carbine version of the Uberti model is 19 inches long, while the barrel of the original Winchester is nearly 20 inches. Uberti also makes a "short rifle" version of the Yellowboy, which does have a 20-inch barrel, and a full-sized rifle, with a 24.25-inch barrel. The Winchester fired primarily .44 Rimfire rounds (though some were chambered for .44 Henry Centerfire), while the Uberti replica fires more modern cartridges (whether propelled by blackpowder or modern propellants). The saddle ring of the original is absent. The rear sight is a fixed folding leaf sight, and the front sight is a blade-type. The rear sight is, however, dovetailed, minor adjustments may be made this way.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
1866 Yellowboy Carbine	.38 Special	2.91 kg	10 Tubular	\$619
1866 Yellowboy Carbine	.44-40 Winchester	3.26 kg	10 Tubular	\$873
1866 Yellowboy Carbine	.45 Long Colt	3.35 kg	10 Tubular	\$939
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle	.38 Special	2.94 kg	11 Tubular	\$630
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle	.44-40 Winchester	3.29 kg	11 Tubular	\$883
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle	.45 Long Colt	3.38 kg	11 Tubular	\$950
1866 Yellowboy Rifle	.38 Special	3.04 kg	13 Tubular	\$673
1866 Yellowboy Rifle	.44-40 Winchester	3.4 kg	13 Tubular	\$926
1866 Yellowboy Rifle	.45 Long Colt	3.49 kg	13 Tubular	\$993

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
1866 Yellowboy Carbine (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	51
1866 Yellowboy Carbine (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	53
1866 Yellowboy Carbine (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	53
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	54
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
1866 Yellowboy Short Rifle (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
1866 Yellowboy Rifle (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	66
1866 Yellowboy Rifle (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	70
1866 Yellowboy Rifle (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	69

**Uberti Model 1873 Sporting Rifle**

Notes: This is an Italian replica of the Winchester 1873 Sporting Rifle. The Uberti replica is a faithful reproduction, but is not exact; the lockwork is better with more reliability, and it fires a cartridge based on smokeless powder. Externally, it looks just like the original, with a case-hardened finish to the receiver and lever and a dark oil-finished walnut stock and fore-end. The rear sights are of the adjustable ladder-type, while the front sight is fixed. A version of this rifle is also chambered for .357 Magnum, though the original was not.

In 2005, Uberti chambered a version of the 1873 Sporting Rifle in .45 Long Colt – something Winchester never did because of the intense rivalry at the time between Winchester and Colt. This version is capable of handling both blackpowder rounds and rounds based on modern propellants, and bullets of varying weights. The lever is slightly larger, because Uberti found that shooters these days actually have, on the average, larger hands than in 1873.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The .45 Long Colt versions do not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Uberti 1873	.44-40 Winchester	3.7 kg	13 Tubular	\$926
Uberti 1873	.357 Magnum	3.4 kg	13 Tubular	\$718
Uberti 1873	.45 Long Colt	3.85 kg	13 Tubular	\$993

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Uberti 1873 (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	70
Uberti 1873 (.357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	6	2	Nil	83
Uberti 1873 (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	69

### Uberti Model 1876 Centennial

Notes: Uberti's 1876 Centennial rifle is a reproduction of the original Winchester 1876 rifle, and is as adept at shooting rounds with modern propellant as firing blackpowder rounds. (The primary market is, in fact, the Cowboy Action community, but the 1876 Centennial also makes a fine sporting rifle.) The firing data is, as always, for modern-propellant loads; one day, I may do some blackpowder loads. The 1876 Centennial is designed for high-caliber, old-style straight-walled rounds that were popular in the original Winchester 1876 rifle. The octagonal barrel and full-length tubular magazine are faithfully represented. The heavy barrel is a full 28 inches long. Finish for the receiver and lever are color-case hardened, while the other metalwork is blued. One improvement over the original is a sliding dust cover that can be pulled over the receiver, and that retracts automatically when the lever-action is cycled for the first shot. (Just ensure that if you close the cover between shots, you slide the cover open again before you fire again...) The action is considered to be very smooth even by picky shooters. There are two manual safeties; one is a hammer-blocking safety lever and the other is a clamp that holds the cocking lever in place until it is disengaged. The stock and fore-end are of A-grade walnut; the stock uses a straight-wrist design, again like the original; the butt is also curved with a metal buttplate.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Model 1876	.45-60 Winchester	4.54 kg	11 Tubular	\$1373
Model 1876	.45-75 Winchester	4.54 kg	11 Tubular	\$1528
Model 1876	.50-95 Winchester	4.54 kg	11 Tubular	\$1702

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Model 1876 (.45-60)	LA	4	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	97
Model 1876 (.45-75)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	104
Model 1876 (.50-95)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	98

### Uberti Model 1886

Notes: In 2017, Uberti released a replica of the Winchester 1886 lever-action repeater. The Uberti 1886 has been praised as being almost totally faithful to the original design, and giving modern hunters a vehicle to hunt with an older, big-bore cartridge, using a rifle with the reliability of modern construction methods and materials. The Model 1886 features Grade A oil-finished walnut stocks, deep polished blued barrels and magazine sleeves, and most other metalwork in color-case hardened finish. The butt has a thick, rubber recoil pad in what is perhaps the only obvious departure from the original Winchester 1886 design. Rear Sights are adjustable for windage and elevation, with the rear sight being a leaf-type sight. The Uberti Model 1886 can fire rounds with both blackpowder and modern propellant.

There are currently two variations of the Model 1886. The Sporting Rifle has a 26-inch octagonal barrel and a larger magazine capacity, and the Hunter Lite is the lightweight version with a 22-inch round barrel and smaller magazine.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Model 1886 Sporting Rifle	.45-70 Government	4.13 kg	8 Tubular	\$1507
Model 1886 Hunter Lite	.45-70 Government	3.23 kg	3 Tubular	\$1459

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Model 1886 Sporting Rifle	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	208
Model 1886 Hunter Lite	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	174



**Uberti Henry Rifle**

Notes: This is a replica of the original 1860 Henry rifle. This replica is capable of firing both blackpowder and smokeless powder loads; the smokeless powder loads are reflected in the statistics below. The Uberti Henry shares the 1860 Henry's reputation for accuracy (given the limitations of the cartridges used), as well as reliability. The stock of the Uberti Henry is made of a red-finished wood, with a bright brass receiver and blued barrel and magazine. Shortcomings include a barrel that rapidly grows too hot to handle when used with blackpowder; and a magazine follower that travels down the tubular magazine as the magazine is emptied, changing the balance and feel of the weapon and sometimes traveling into the action when the magazine is nearly emptied.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Uberti Henry	.44-40 Winchester	4.15 kg	13 Tubular	\$926
Uberti Henry	.45 Long Colt	4.26 kg	13 Tubular	\$993

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Uberti Henry (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	70
Uberti Henry (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	2	Nil	69

**Uberti Silverboy**

Notes: The Silverboy was introduced in late 2012; it is a rimfire rifle with a mechanism so reliable that the Silverboy may be held at any angle, including upside down, and still feed and function reliably. The name "Silverboy" comes from its receiver and cocking lever, which are made from chrome-plated light alloy. The 19-inch barrel is blued, and the stock and fore-end are of hardwood (most likely birch) given a finish to look like walnut. Unlike most Uberti designs, the Silverboy is not a replica, but a new design.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Silverboy	.22 Long Rifle	2.63 kg	14 Tubular	\$294
Silverboy	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.77 kg	14 Tubular	\$358

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Silverboy (.22 LR)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	39
Silverboy (.22 Magnum)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	58

**Big Horn Armory Model 89**

Notes: Big Horn Armory makes replicas of Old-West-type lever action rifles, though their replicas are not necessarily mark-by-mark replicas. The Model 89 has the appearance of a deluxe firearm, with the wood being deeply and richly finished and with an excellent wood grain tone. Though the appearance is "old school," the construction and manufacturing methods are all-modern, including metalwork of 17-4 satin-finished stainless steel, precision-machined with the help of computers and using the latest CNC technology. The stock is of select-grade black American walnut, with a one-inch-thick rubber recoil pad; the stock has a pistol-grip wrist. The stock's finish uses a weatherproof synthetic material. Checkering for the pistol grip wrist and fore-end are optional. Sights consist of an aperture rear and post front sight, though it is not normally drilled and tapped for a scope. The lever and trigger guard are large to allow easy operation even when the shooter is wearing heavy gloves. The rifle uses a half-length tubular magazine; the carbine has a full-length tubular magazine, so the carbine actually has a greater magazine capacity. The Rifle uses a 22-inch barrel; the carbine an 18-inch barrel; and the Trapper a 16-inch barrel.

And speaking of the Trapper, it has several other differences from the Rifle and and Carbine. The Trapper has a target crown at the muzzle. It uses laminated standard-grade American Black Walnut instead of higher-grade walnut. The controls' finishes are case color hardened, while the bulk of the receiver is matte stainless. Like the carbine, the tubular magazine is full-length and is actually larger than the Rifle's magazine.

Big Horn Armory based the Model 89 not on one, but several Winchester rifles of the past; the external part of the action is based primarily on the Winchester Model 1886, while internally, it's primary base is the Winchester 1892 action. (Since the Winchester Model 1892 was based on the Winchester 1886, this is not as much of a leap that it might sound.) The combination of these two, along with modern metallurgy and manufacturing methods, makes the Model 89 action one of the most solid lever-actions found today. In fact, the major lifting was done when adapting the action to the hot Magnum cartridges desired.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Model 89 Rifle	.500 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.57 kg	5 Tubular	\$1399
Model 89 Carbine	.500 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.46 kg	7 Tubular	\$1359
Model 89 Trapper	.500 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.46 kg	6 Tubular	\$1340
Model 89A Rifle	.500 Linebaugh	3.69 kg	7 Tubular	\$1342
Model 89A Carbine	.500 Linebaugh	3.55 kg	7 Tubular	\$1301
Model 89A Trapper	.500 Linebaugh	3.4 kg	7 Tubular	\$1281
Model 89B Rifle	.475 Linebaugh	3.69 kg	7 Tubular	\$1237
Model 89B Carbine	.475 Linebaugh	3.55 kg	7 Tubular	\$1176
Model 89B Trapper	.475 Linebaugh	3.4 kg	7 Tubular	\$1156

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Model 89 Rifle	LA	5	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	82
Model 89 Carbine	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	64
Model 89 Trapper	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	4	Nil	54
Model 89A Rifle	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	77
Model 89A Carbine	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	63
Model 89A Trapper	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	4	Nil	53
Model 89B Rifle	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	79
Model 89B Carbine	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	63
Model 89B Trapper	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	53

**Big Horn Armory Model 90**

Notes: Greg Buchel of Big Horn Armory was happy with the Model 89 and it's subtypes – sort of. He wasn't happy with the barrel, wanted to try different barrel lengths using a tapered barrel, and a blend of the Browning 1886 and Browning 1892 actions instead of using Winchester Rifles as a base. And he wanted to try new calibers from those on the Model 89.

Externally, the Model 90 is based on the Model 1886 externally and the Model 1892 internally, with a few Buchel tweaks. The entire exterior of the action is of brushed stainless, and the stock is of satin-laminated American Black Oak with a checkered wrist and fore end. The stock's laminate finish may be gray or brown; one can also bet fancy-grade walnut. The Model 90 can also be had with an action and barrel in Hunter Black, or an action in color Case Hardened with a matte Stainless Barrel. The tubular magazine is enclosed by the fore end except for the opening at the front of the foregrip under the barrel. Barrels, as stated above, are tapered, and come in a 22-inch barrel, a standard 18-inch barrel, and a 16-inch carbine (which Big Horn Armory calls the Trapper model). Barrels are generally equipped with a target crown. The stock has a semi-pistol grip and the butt has a one-inch rubber recoil pad. Rear sights and may be in the standard position and with a standard leaf sight, but may also be had with sights in the scout position. The front sight may use a fiberoptic tube if desired. The drilling and tapping are for a Leupold Delta Point sight base, SIG Romeo1, or a Trijicon RMR mount.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Model 90 Rifle	.460 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1304
Model 90 Carbine	.460 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1258

<b>Model 90 Trapper</b>	.460 Smith & Wesson Magnum	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1241
<b>Model 90A Rifle</b>	.454 Casull	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1074
<b>Model 90A Carbine</b>	.454 Casull	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1032
<b>Model 90A Trapper</b>	.454 Casull	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1011
<b>Model 90B Rifle</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1025
<b>Model 90B Carbine</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$983
<b>Model 90B Trapper</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$962

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Model 90 Rifle</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	89
<b>Model 90 Carbine</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	64
<b>Model 90 Trapper</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	56
<b>Model 90A Rifle</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	79
<b>Model 90A Carbine</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	64
<b>Model 90A Trapper</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	55
<b>Model 90B Rifle</b>	LA	3	1-1-Nil	6	3	Nil	77
<b>Model 90B Carbine</b>	LA	3	1-1-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
<b>Model 90B Trapper</b>	LA	3	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	55

### Chaparral Winchester Reproductions

Notes: Chaparral Arms is a company that specializes in reproductions of Old West firearms, like the Winchester 1873. Chaparral's Winchester 1873 is a very accurate reproduction, though chamberings are sometimes different than the original. It is also able to fire both modern propellant and blackpowder loads. Chaparral's Winchester 1873 is made in rifle, short rifle and carbine versions; the barrels of the rifle and short rifle are heavy octagonal, while the carbine barrel is round and blued. The rifles have 24.25-inch barrels, the short rifles have 20-inch barrels, while the carbines use 19-inch barrels. The barrels and magazine tubes are blued; the rest of the metalwork is color case-hardened. The wooden stock has a sharply curved butt. The hammer is exposed.

The Chaparral Winchester 1866 is essentially the same as the 1873 in game terms, but has several differences in design. The drop of the stock is more pronounced, the metalwork is finished in blue for the barrel and brass for the rest of the metalwork. The lever loop is smaller, and the sights are a bit different. For game purposes, however, the 1866 is identical to the 1873.

The Chaparral Winchester 1876 is quite different in design and chambering than the 1873 or 1866. It is a reproduction of the Winchester 1876, also called the Centennial Model, and is sort of a larger version of the 1873, designed for longer, more powerful cartridges. Versions include the NWMP Carbine, with a 22-inch round barrel and a near full-length stock (little more than the muzzle peeks out of the fore-end). The 1876 Rifle comes in versions with 28, 26, or 22-inch heavy octagonal barrels (so the 22-inch version is technically a carbine, though it is called a rifle on the Chaparral site). The rifles have blued barrels and tube magazines and color-case-hardened metalwork, while on the NWMP Carbine, the metalwork is all-blued. All have a saddle ring attached.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>1873 Rifle</b>	.357 Magnum	3.72 kg	13 Tubular	\$724
<b>1873 Rifle</b>	.38 Special	3.72 kg	13 Tubular	\$679
<b>1873 Rifle</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.72 kg	13 Tubular	\$999
<b>1873 Short Rifle</b>	.357 Magnum	3.49 kg	10 Tubular	\$680
<b>1873 Short Rifle</b>	.38 Special	3.49 kg	10 Tubular	\$635
<b>1873 Short Rifle</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.49 kg	10 Tubular	\$955
<b>1873 Carbine</b>	.357 Magnum	3.36 kg	10 Tubular	\$665
<b>1873 Carbine</b>	.38 Special	3.36 kg	10 Tubular	\$619
<b>1873 Carbine</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.36 kg	10 Tubular	\$939
<b>1876 NWMP Carbine</b>	.45-75 Winchester Centerfire	3.63 kg	8 Tubular	\$1274
<b>1876 Rifle (28" Rifle)</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.67 kg	11 Tubular	\$1145
<b>1876 Rifle (28" Rifle)</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.67 kg	11 Tubular	\$1373
<b>1876 Rifle (28" Rifle)</b>	.45-75 Winchester Centerfire	4.67 kg	11 Tubular	\$1373
<b>1876 Rifle (28" Rifle)</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.67 kg	11 Tubular	\$1681
<b>1876 Rifle (26" Rifle)</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.45 kg	11 Tubular	\$1124
<b>1876 Rifle (26" Rifle)</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.45 kg	11 Tubular	\$1353
<b>1876 Rifle (26" Rifle)</b>	.45-75 Winchester Centerfire	4.45 kg	11 Tubular	\$1353
<b>1876 Rifle (26" Rifle)</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.45 kg	11 Tubular	\$1660
<b>1876 Rifle (22" Rifle)</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.22 kg	9 Tubular	\$1082
<b>1876 Rifle (22" Rifle)</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.22 kg	9 Tubular	\$1310
<b>1876 Rifle (22" Rifle)</b>	.45-75 Winchester Centerfire	4.22 kg	9 Tubular	\$1301
<b>1876 Rifle (22" Rifle)</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.22 kg	9 Tubular	\$1618

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
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1873 Rifle (.357 Magnum)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	2	Nil	85
1873 Rifle (.38 Special)	LA	2	1-Nil	7	2	Nil	68
1873 Rifle (.45 Long Colt)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	85
1873 Short Rifle (.357 Magnum)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	70
1873 Short Rifle (.38 Special)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	55
1873 Short Rifle (.45 Long Colt)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	70
1873 Carbine (.357 Magnum)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	64
1873 Carbine (.38 Special)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	51
1873 Carbine (.45 Long Colt)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	64
1876 NWMP Carbine	LA	6	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	58
1876 Rifle (28", .40-60)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	97
1876 Rifle (28", .45-60)	LA	5	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	97
1876 Rifle (28", .45-75)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	97
1876 Rifle (28", .50-95)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	98
1876 Rifle (26", .40-60)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	89
1876 Rifle (26", .45-60)	LA	4	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	90
1876 Rifle (26", .45-75)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	90
1876 Rifle (26", .50-95)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	91
1876 Rifle (22", .40-60)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	74
1876 Rifle (22", .45-60)	LA	4	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	74
1876 Rifle (22", .45-75)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	74
1876 Rifle (22", .50-95)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	74

### Colt-Burgess

Notes: Similar to Winchester's Model 1873, and was produced from 1883-1885. Burgess is actually the designer of this rifle; he sold most of the rights to Colt when he was not able to line up production facilities to produce the rifle by himself. This was the only lever-action rifle that Colt ever produced. Colt was also interested in the design, to provide competition to Winchester's lever-action designs (though the Colt-Burgess failed on the market). There are a number of variations of the Colt-Burgess: There is a carbine and a rifle version, and the rifle can have an octagonal, half-octagonal, or round barrel. Only 3775 were produced. A story says that the increasingly-successful design of the Colt-Burgess startled Winchester; Winchester retaliated by producing revolvers at a lower cost than Colt could. Colt agreed that they would not produce lever-action rifles if Winchester did not produce revolvers at that time (some say for 5 years, some for 10, and some say 25 years). The veracity of this story is unknown. Arguably, Burgess designed the better rifle, but Colt did stop Colt-Burgess production.

Though similar in design to Winchester's rifle, there are some important changes. The receiver on the Colt-Burgess is smaller and lighter than on the Winchester, allowing Colt to produce a much lighter weapon than the Model 1873. The receiver and action of the Colt-Burgess are, however, considered a stronger design than on the Model 1873. The action uses a toggle joint instead of a direct throw, which to less force required to throw the bolt. Burgess used a sliding loading gate, instead of Winchester's tilting gate, a design that allowed for quicker and more reliable loading. The barrel for the rifle is 25.5 inches long, and 20 inches for the carbine.

The Colt-Burgess had a blued or browned barrel and the rest of the external metalwork is color-case hardened.

Replicas of the Colt-Burgess are currently produced by Uberti, chambered for .45 Colt.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Octagonal Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	4 kg	15 Tubular	\$1489
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Half-Octagonal Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.95 kg	15 Tubular	\$1486
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Round Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.9 kg	15 Tubular	\$1483
Colt-Burgess Carbine	.44-40 Winchester	3.3 kg	12 Tubular	\$1426

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Octagonal Barrel)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	111
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Half-Octagonal Barrel)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	109
Colt-Burgess Rifle (Round Barrel)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	107
Colt-Burgess Carbine	LA	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	75

### Forkin/Marlin 1894

Notes: These are Marlin 1894 lever-action rifles modified by Ben Forkin, a noted Montana gunsmith. His first such "mini-Guide Gun" was chambered for the .475 Linebaugh cartridge. It uses a carbine-length 16-inch Pac-Nor barrel, a through-bolt, and a thick Kick-Eeze recoil pad, with a C&H Mercury tube in the stock to further dampen recoil. The sights are of the ghost-ring type, with a

bead front instead of the usual ramped post. Several years later, Bob Forkin modified the design to fire the .50 Action Express cartridge; this version is actually lighter than the .475 Linebaugh model, since the walls of the barrel are simply bored out to the new caliber and are thinner than the .475 Linebaugh version. In addition, the Mercury tube in the stock is removed, to further reduce the weight and reduce the complexity (and cost) of the weapon.

Twilight 2000 Notes: Bob Forkin still lives in Montana, and makes modifications of many weapons, including these.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Forkin/Marlin 1894	.475 Linebaugh	3.37 kg	6 Tubular	\$1251
Forkin/Marlin 1894	.50 Action Express	3.06 kg	6 Tubular	\$1128

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Forkin/Marlin 1894 (.475)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	2	Nil	53
Forkin/Marlin 1894 (.50)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	53

### Henry Big Boy

Notes: Though this appears to be a reproduction of some 19<sup>th</sup> century lever-action rifle, the Big Boy is in fact a new, 21<sup>st</sup> century design, albeit with a rather nostalgic look. The Big Boy is a side-ejection lever-action rifle with a tubular underbarrel magazine, flat-topped receiver, brass-finished metal parts and fine walnut stock and forearm. It basically looks like an Old West firearm. However, it does have several un-Old-West features, like a magazine loaded by withdrawing a spring-loaded plunger from the front of the tube. While this is common on .22 lever action rifles, it is not on other calibers. This feature means that the Big Boy can chamber and fire both .44 Magnum and .44 Special rounds. Case ejection is easy, basically dumping the cases on the ground under the rifle.

Twilight 2000 Notes: This rifle does not exist.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Big Boy	.44 Magnum and .44 Special	3.86 kg	10 Tubular	\$670

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Big Boy (.44 Magnum)	LA	4	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	56
Big Boy (.44 Special)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	54

### Henry Golden Boy

Notes: Like most of Henry Repeating Arms' designs, the Golden Boy is built to look like something out of days of yore, but with modern manufacturing methods. It is a rimfire weapon with a straight-wrist, oil-finished American walnut stock, a receiver finished in a bright metal finish called "Brasslite" by Henry, and a bright, lustrous blue finish on the rest of the metalwork. It is a fairly heavy rifle for a .22, but has a heavy 20-inch octagonal barrel (20.5 inches for the .22 Magnum version), an adjustable buckhorn rear sight, and a front sight with a brass bead insert, all of which contribute to stability and accuracy. The action has been described by firearms expert Flint Hansen as "smooth as melted butter on glass," but he also says that the trigger pull is just a little heavy, and that the drop at the comb is a bit too much (of course, this depends upon how the shooter is built). Variants include an all-blued version (identical to the standard version for game purposes), and a version with a large loop-type lever handle (also identical for game purposes). There is also the Golden Boy Engraved, a deluxe version with extremely intricate engraving on the receiver, tang, and buttplate. It is also identical for game purposes, though in real life, it is an extremely expensive, limited-edition rifle.

Twilight 2000 Notes: This rifle does not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Golden Boy	.17 Hornady Magnum Rimfire	3.06 kg	11 Tubular	\$605
Golden Boy	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	3.06 kg	21 (.22 Short), 19 (.22 Long), 16 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309
Golden Boy	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	3.06 kg	12 Tubular	\$377

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Golden Boy (.17)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	53
Golden Boy (.22 Short)	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	34
Golden Boy (.22 Long)	LA	-1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
Golden Boy (.22 Long Rifle)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42
Golden Boy (.22 Magnum)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	54

**JB Custom 1892 Mare's Leg**

Notes: A rifle in every other aspect but its barrel length, the 1892 Mare's Leg is officially classified as a pistol by US law, but is essentially a short-barreled lever-action rifle. Versions come in 12-inch barrel (with 6-round capacity) and 10.5-inch barrel (3-round capacity) versions. They feature a large loop-type throw lever, a short stock and butt, a straight wrist, an adjustable rear semi-buckhorn sight, a dovetailed front bead sight, and a saddle ring. Furniture is wood. The rifle (pistol) is sold as a limited edition.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	1.9 kg	3 Tubular	\$552
1892 Mare's Leg (12" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	1.98 kg	6 Tubular	\$568

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
1892 Mare's Leg (10.5")	LA	3	1-Nil	2	2	Nil	24
1892 Mare's Leg (12")	LA	3	1-Nil	2	3	Nil	29

**Mossberg 464**

Notes: Resembling the Winchester Model 94, the Model 464 is an old-style, straight-wristed lever-action rifle, and the real-world cost is much less than a Winchester 94. There are numerous differences between the two: a top-tang manual safety, a hammer block safety, a rebounding hammer system and a safety that blocks the trigger unless the lever is in the fully closed position. Construction is of zinc alloy for the receiver, and a barrel, bolt, hammer, and lever of polished blued steel. The tubular magazine is matte black finished; many say it does not match the rest of the rifle, but this is a purely aesthetic consideration. The furniture is of walnut-dyed birch, with a ribbed rubber plate on the butt. The receiver is grooved for a scope mount, but the iron sights are adjustable and of excellent quality, with a buckhorn rear sight and a black front sight post. The front sight post is protected by a removable hood and the front sight is also removable.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Mossberg 464 (18" Barrel)	.30-30 Winchester	3.04 kg	7 Tubular	\$727
Mossberg 464 (20" Barrel)	.30-30 Winchester	3.73 kg	7 Tubular	\$747
Mossberg 464 (18" Barrel)	.22 Long Rifle	2.49 kg	14 Tubular	\$284
Mossberg 464 (20" Barrel)	.22 Long Rifle	3.06 kg	7 Tubular	\$304

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Mossberg 464 (18" .30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	53
Mossberg 464 (20" .30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
Mossberg 464 (18" .22)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	37
Mossberg 464 (20" .22)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41

**Marlin 36**

Notes: This is a pre-World War 2 design produced until just after World War 2. It is basically an improved form of the turn-of-the-20<sup>th</sup>-century Model 1893, with a rounded operating lever, improvements in the mainspring, and a pistol-grip stock. A carbine version was also made, with a 20-inch barrel and a full-length magazine. Another version, the Model 36SC, had the rifle's magazine but the carbine's barrel-length.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Marlin 36A</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.15 kg	5 Tubular	\$2648
<b>Marlin 36 Carbine</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.12 kg	7 Tubular	\$2608
<b>Marlin 36SC</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.11 kg	5 Tubular	\$2607

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Marlin 36A</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 36 Carbine</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 36SC</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62

**Marlin (Glenfield) 36G**

Notes: Not to be confused with the Model 36 above, the Model 36G was basically a simplified Model 336 marketed under the Glenfield brand name instead of the Marlin name. They typically had stocks of inexpensive birch and round 20-inch standard-weight barrels. The rear sight was an adjustable spring-leaf and elevator type. The Model 36G was only built from 1964-66, but by this time 5930 had been built.

Variants included the Model 30, built from 1966-72, and the replacement for the Model 36G. It was basically the same rifle except for the checkering on pistol grip wrist and fore-end (this checkering included decorative designs of a stag's head and oak leaves from 1969). Some 80,000 of these carbines were built, an impressive amount in six years. The Model 30 is identical to the Model 36G for game purposes. The Model 30A replaced the Model 30 in 1973, and was built until 1983. It was basically the same weapon as the Model 30, but had a full-length tubular magazine. The same checkering as the Model 30 was used at first, but the decorative designs were dropped in 1982. By the time production ceased, about 300,000 Model 30As had been built. The Model 30GT was built from 1979-80; it was a Model 30A with a shorter 18.5-inch barrel, a straight wrist, and a squared operating lever. The Model 30AS began production in 1983 and is still being built; it is identical to the Model 30A, but has a crossbolt safety, and is identical to the Model 30A for game purposes. The Model 30AS brought was sold under the Marlin name, unlike the others.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Glenfield 36G</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	4 Tubular	\$2602
<b>Glenfield 30A</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.2 kg	6 Tubular	\$2603
<b>Glenfield 30GT</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.19 kg	6 Tubular	\$2587

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Glenfield 36G</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Glenfield 30A</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Glenfield 30GT</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	55

**Marlin 39**

Notes: The Model 39 is a rimfire lever-action rifle that was built in astounding numbers (over 2 million Model 39s and its variants by 1983, when production stopped) starting in 1922. It is based on the pre-20<sup>th</sup> century Model 1891 rifle, which was the first lever-action rifle to be chambered for the .22 Long Rifle cartridge. The Model 49 is a takedown rifle with a case-hardened receiver and a full-length tubular magazine. The original Model 39 had an octagonal 20-inch barrel (though a round barrel and a half-length tubular magazine were some of the available options for the Model 39. The Model 39 received an improved ejector mechanism in 1924 and a strengthened bolt in 1932 (to eliminate bolt cracking caused by firing high-speed and wildcat loads). Production of the original Model 39 stopped in 1941, but picked up in small numbers for a short production run from 1945-47.

The Model 39A was introduced in 1939, and was one of the few civilian rifles Marlin built throughout World War 2, with production finally stopping in 1960. The Model 39A had a 20-inch round barrel and a heavy beavertail-type fore-end. The receiver and barrel were blued. In 1954, the Model 39A received Micro-Groove rifling and a rounded lever loop instead of the squared loop of the Model 39. In 1960, the stock was re-shaped with a fluted comb and white spacers for the buttplate. (On later variants of the Model 39A, the spacers were omitted starting in 1973.) A "carbine" variant was also produced, but this was identical to the rifle except for a smaller magazine and it shoots identically to the Model 39A rifle, differing only in weight.

There were several variants of the Model 39A, most of which differ primarily in decoration, luxury, or are special commemorative versions; these types are identical to the standard Model 39A for game purposes. Other variants include Model 39A Article II Rifle, designed to commemorate the 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the NRA. This version had a 24-inch octagonal barrel, a stock and fore-end of select-quality walnut with a crescent-shaped butt, along with a large amount of NRA-specific decorative work. A Model 39A Article II Carbine was also built, virtually identical except for the 20-inch octagonal barrel, straight-wrist stock, and squared lever loop. Both of

these were built only in 1971.

The Model 39A Golden was introduced in 1960, and built until 1992. What made the Model 39A “Golden” was the gold-plated trigger and bright brass finish to the receiver. It also has sling swivels as standard, as well as drilling and tapping for a scope mount and a more-prominent hooded front sight. The stock used a straight wrist. The “Golden” name was actually dropped in 1964, but reapplied in 1972. The Model 39M Golden is a carbine version of the Model 39A Golden; it has a 20-inch barrel and no drilling or tapping (though it did have a spring-leaf and elevator rear sight). The Model 39MS was an updated version with an improved action and a quick-release magazine plug. For game purposes, the Model 39A Golden and Model 39AS are identical to the standard Model 39A, while the Model 39M carbine is identical to the Model 39A carbine.

The Model 39A Octagon used a 24-inch octagonal barrel, with a slender fore-end. It had a pistol grip wrist, but lacked the plastic cap on that wrist that was normally customary on Marlin rifles. The Model 39A Octagon was a special edition built only in 1973. A carbine version was also made, identical except for the 20-inch barrel and the straight wrist of the stock. These shoot identically to the Model 39A Octagon Rifles and Carbines game purposes, but differ in weight.

The Model 39AS, introduced in 1988, used an almost-unmodified stock from the Model 336CS. The action is also somewhat different, using a squared breech-bolt that reciprocated in a track on the right wall of the receiver. The tubular magazine also had a quick-release plug. Model 39ASs built since 1992 have gold-plated triggers and bright brass finishes to their receivers, and are usually called the Model 39AS Golden. The Model 39AS Golden is still in production. The Model 39AS shoots like a standard Model 39A for game purposes.

The smallest member of the Model 39 series was the Model 39TDS Carbine, built from 1988-95. This version had a barrel of only 16.5 inches and a correspondingly short tubular magazine below it. The stock was straight-wristed, and the lever loop was squared instead of rounded.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Model 39</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.61 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$314
<b>Model 39A</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.95 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309
<b>Model 39A Carbine</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.82 kg	18 (.22 Short), 15 (.22 Long), 12 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309
<b>Model 39A Article II Rifle</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	3.1 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$355
<b>Model 39 Article II Carbine</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.97 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$314
<b>Model 39A Octagon Rifle</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.95 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$355
<b>Model 39A Octagon Carbine</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.82 kg	25 (.22 Short), 21 (.22 Long), 18 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$314
<b>Model 39AS</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.95 kg	26 (.22 Short), 22 (.22 Long), 19 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$320
<b>Marlin 39TDS</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.69 kg	16 (.22 Short), 13 (.22 Long), 10 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$272

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Marlin 39 (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	34
<b>Marlin 39 (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>Marlin 39 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42
<b>Marlin 39A (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	33
<b>Marlin 39A (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	37
<b>Model 39 Article II Rifle (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	6	1	Nil	40
<b>Model 39 Article II Rifle (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	45
<b>Model 39 Article II Rifle (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	49
<b>Model 39 Article II Carbine (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	34
<b>Model 39 Article II Carbine (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>Model 39 Article II Carbine (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42
<b>Marlin 39A (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41
<b>Marlin 39TDS (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	4	1	Nil	28
<b>Marlin 39TDS (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	4	1	Nil	31
<b>Marlin 39TDS (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	4	1	Nil	34

**Marlin 56 Levermatic**

Notes: This is an unusual lever-action design. The lever only moves 25 degrees – the rest of the cocking movement is done with cam-and-roller accelerator. It has a one-piece Monte Carlo-type stock, another feature unusual for Marlin, and an enclosed hammer.



The fore-end was also round-tipped, which was at the time of introduction (1955) also unusual for Marlin rifles. The receiver was squared and drilled and tapped for a telescopic sight. The stock had a pistol grip wrist, though it is not very deep. Barrel length was 24 inches. Unusually for a lever-action rifle of the time, the Model 56 was fed from a box magazine instead of a tubular magazine. The 7-round magazine was at first the only one available for the Model 56, but later versions could use the 10 and 12-round magazines made for the Model 56DL Clipper.

In 1956, a number of changes were made to the Model 56's design. Though the year began with the barrel length still at 24 inches, this was shortly reduced to 22 inches. The receiver was rounded instead of squared, and better blended into the stock. The receiver was also changed from steel to aluminum alloy.

Variants include the Model 56DL Clipper, a deluxe model that comes with a 4x telescopic sight and a 12-round magazine. It is a very rare rifle, with only 150 being built. The Model 57 Levermatic is the same as the Model 56, but fed by a tubular magazine; the Model 57M is the same rifle firing .22 magnum ammunition and having a 24-inch barrel. Both versions of the Model 57 use a rounded steel receiver instead of the alloy receiver. These tubular-magazine-fed versions of the Levermatic were the most popular of the series.

The Model 62 Levermatic is chambered for centerfire ammunition, either .256 Winchester or .30 Carbine, and had a 23.25" barrel. It also uses a steel receiver which has been strengthened for the more powerful ammunition, and it returned to the box magazine. An interesting note about the Model 62 is that the first 4000 built were shipped without serial numbers due to a manufacturing error, an accidental violation of US firearms laws. Though the Model 62 has long been out of production, an owner of one of a Model 62 without a serial number can return it to Marlin to this day for application of a serial number, and register it with the BATFE without penalty. Another interesting note is that while the Model 62 was initially listed in Marlin catalogs to be available in .22 Jet and .357 Magnum in the future, neither of these calibers of the Model 62 were ever actually built except in prototype form.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 56 (Early)	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.68 kg	7, 10, 12	\$349
Marlin 56 (Early Alloy)	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.66 kg	7, 10, 12	\$350
Marlin 56 (Late Alloy)	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.61 kg	7, 10, 12	\$329
Marlin 56DL Clipper	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.71 kg	7, 10, 12	\$524
Marlin 57 Levermatic	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.84 kg	27 (.22 Short), 23 (.22 Long), 19 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$325
Marlin 57M Levermatic	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	3.04 kg	15 Tubular	\$408
Marlin 62 Levermatic	.256 Winchester Magnum	3.16 kg	7	\$1324
Marlin 62 Levermatic	.30 Carbine	2.47 kg	7	\$582

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 56 (Early/Early Alloy, .22 Short)	LA	-2	Nil	6	1	Nil	40
Marlin 56 (Early/Early Alloy, .22 Long)	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	44
Marlin 56 (Early/Early Alloy, .22 Long Rifle)	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	48
Marlin 56 (Late Alloy) /56DL/57 (.22 Short)	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	36
Marlin 56 (Late Alloy) /56DL/57 (.22 Long)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41
Marlin 56 (Late Alloy) /56DL/57 (.22 Long Rifle)	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	45
Marlin 57M	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	64
Marlin 62 (.256)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	79
Marlin 62 (.30)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	65

### Marlin 336

Notes: This is an improved version of the pre-World War 2 Model 36. It has improvements in the bolt, extractor, and ejection port, and is in general a more refined design. The basic Model 336 had a half-length tubular magazine under a 24-inch barrel, and was chambered for some mainstream and some rather peculiar cartridges. The stock was of plain hardwood with a pistol grip wrist. The rear sight was of the spring-leaf and elevator type, with a bead front sight.

The base version of the Model 336, the Model 336A, was produced from 1948-62, and then again from 1973-80. Originally chambered only for .30-30 Winchester and .32 Winchester Special, a .35 Remington chambering was introduced in 1953. In the early 1950s, a decorative white spacer on the butt and white pistol grip wrist cap were added, but this practice was stopped in 1953, only to re-start in 1957. Starting in 1956, the Model 336A was drilled and tapped for a scope mount, and used Micro-Groove rifling. A hood was added to the front sight in 1957, and in 1960, the top of the receiver was given a sandblasted finish to minimize glare when sighting through the iron sights. When the Model 336A re-appeared in 1973, it had a straight wrist stock and a new Wide-Scan front sight.

The Model 336C was produced concurrently with the Model 336A, and unlike the Model 336A, is still being produced today in a modified form. When introduced, this weapon was called simply the "Model 336 Carbine," but the name was changed to the Model 336C in 1951. The Model 336 has a shorter 20-inch barrel, but a longer full-length tubular magazine. The Model 336C was originally chambered for the same rounds as the Model 336A; however, a .44 Magnum chambering was added in 1963 (and generally called the Model 336/44 Magnum). In 1964, both the .44 Magnum and .32 Winchester Special chamberings were dropped from production. Original models had a fluted comb, but the fluting was deleted in 1976. Original models also had a gold-plated trigger, but the plating was deleted in 1982. In 1984, the Model 336C was superseded by the Model 336CS; this differs only in the addition of an extra crossbolt-type safety catch.

The Model 336 Zipper carbine, introduced in 1955, was sort of an experiment-gone-mainstream; it was chambered for the unusual .219 Zipper cartridge. The "Zipper Carbine" was an offshoot of the Model 336C, but the hoped-for increase in accuracy never happened, and that barrels wore out far more quickly than Marlin expected. In 1956, the Model 336 Zipper was given an extra-heavy barrel (so heavy that the entire weight of the carbine increased by almost half a kilogram), and production stopped in 1959.

The Model 336ER (Extra-Range) carbine was introduced in 1983. It was designed for the .356 Winchester cartridge, and was essentially a Model 336C rechambered for that round. The Model 336ER proved to be non-too-popular, with only 2440 being built, and sales being extremely slow. (Rumors say that new Model 336ERs can still be found from time to time.) Production was stopped less than a year later in 1984.

The Model 336 Marauder carbine was introduced in 1963; however, the name "Marauder proved to be a commercial disaster at the time, and production of the Marauder was combined with production of the Model 336T Texan in 1964, since the receivers and mechanisms were identical. The Marauder had a very short 16.25-inch barrel. As said, the Marauders were superseded by the Model 336T Texan; the Texan used a 20-inch barrel, a full-length magazine, a straight-wrist stock, and a slime-profile fore-end. They originally had blade-type front sights, but were replaced by ramp-type front sights in 1959. A .44 Magnum chambering was offered, but only from 1962-64. In 1965, the .35 Remington chambering was dropped, but a brass saddle ring was added to the left side. Original lever loops were rounded, but they were squared-off in 1971; in addition, the now-extra saddle ring on the right side was removed. In 1972, the front side was again replaced, this time with a hooded Wide-Scan design. The fluted comb was de-fluted in 1976, and the plating of the trigger with gold stopped in 1982. In 1983, the barrel length of the Texan was reduced to 18.5 inches in 1983. In 1984, the Model 336T was replaced in production by the Model 336TS, with an additional crossbolt-type safety. In 1988, the Model 336TS was replaced by the Model 336LTS, which was essentially the same weapon with the barrel length further reduced to 16.25 inches and the tubular magazine length reduced accordingly. The Texan line stopped production in 1993.

The Model 336 Octagon was introduced in 1973 as a limited-issue version, and built only for a year. This version has a 23-inch octagonal barrel with a full-length tubular magazine, a straight-wrist stock with a hard rubber buttplate, a squared lever loop, and a gold-bead front sight.

The Model 336CC is a version that was introduced in 2001; it is chambered only in .30-30 Winchester, is heavier than other .30-30 models, and has a hardwood stock finished in a "Mossy Oak Break-Up" camouflage pattern. The Model 336 Cowboy was introduced in 2000; it has a long barrel for precision shooting and a tubular magazine which extends to the muzzle. It has a straight English-style stock made from American walnut. It did not do well in the marketplace and was withdrawn in 2002. The Model 336M, introduced in 2000 (redesignated Model 336SS in 2001), is a weather-resistant version of the Model 336, chambered only in .30-30 Winchester and with the barrel, magazine, casing, lever, trigger guard, loading port, and safety catch all made from stainless steel. Other metal parts, except for the front sight bead, are nickel-plated. The hardwood stock is specially sealed against the climate. It is identical to Model 336CC for game purposes. The Model 336XLR, introduced in 2006, is described as a "deer rifle" version of the Model 336; it uses a 24-inch barrel, and the metalwork is largely of stainless steel with a gray-black laminated hardwood stock; the butt has a recoil pad a full inch thick. The Model 308MXLR is essentially a Model 336XLR chambered for the .308 Marlin Express round.

The Model 336TD (also known as the TDL; both stand for Texas Deluxe; do not confuse it with the Texan above) was originally chambered in .30-30 Winchester and .35 Remington, but the .35 chambering was dropped soon after its introduction, leaving only the .30-30 chambering. It is barely long enough in the barrel to be considered a sporting rifle, with a 20-inch heavy-profile cold-forged barrel microgroove-rifled barrel. It has a straight wrist stock, designed to be carried in a horse, jeep, or 4-runner-type scabbard. Unlike most Model 336s, the TDL has no checkering on the wrist or fore-end. Sights are identical to most 336s, being a black-rimmed peep and a white front site bead inside a circular protector, but the rear sight is adjustable for windage and elevation (except in the Express version, which is adjustable only for windage)and folds up to reveal a ladder sight. The TDL has Quick attach slinging swivels which can also be used to attach a bipod. The barrel and tubular magazine are of bight stainless, while the receiver, throw lever, and trigger guard are of gloss black-finished. The trigger and rear sight mount are gold-plated, and the receiver is decorating with scrolling and a gold Marlin logo. Trigger action is described as very smooth.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The following versions of the Model 336 do not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline: Model 336CC, Model 336 Cowboy, Model 336M/Model 336SS, Model 336W, Model 336XLR/308MXLR.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Marlin 336A</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.02 kg	5 Tubular	\$2648
<b>Marlin 336A</b>	.32 Winchester Special	3.12 kg	5 Tubular	\$2866
<b>Marlin 336A</b>	.35 Remington	3.55 kg	5 Tubular	\$3797
<b>Marlin 336C</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.99 kg	6 Tubular	\$2607
<b>Marlin 336C</b>	.32 Winchester Special	3.1 kg	6 Tubular	\$2826
<b>Marlin 336C</b>	.35 Remington	3.39 kg	6 Tubular	\$3675

<b>Marlin 336C</b>	.44 Magnum	2.27 kg	10 Tubular	\$873
<b>Marlin 336ER</b>	.356 Winchester	3.08 kg	5 Tubular	\$3833
<b>Marlin 336 Marauder</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.86 kg	5 Tubular	\$2569
<b>Marlin 336 Marauder</b>	.35 Remington	3.24 kg	5 Tubular	\$3561
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.94 kg	6 Tubular	\$2628
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon</b>	.32 Winchester Special	3.05 kg	6 Tubular	\$2846
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon</b>	.35 Remington	3.34 kg	6 Tubular	\$3736
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20" Barrel)</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3 kg	6 Tubular	\$2607
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20" Barrel)</b>	.35 Remington	3.41 kg	6 Tubular	\$3675
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20" Barrel)</b>	.44 Magnum	2.28 kg	10 Tubular	\$873
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (18.5" Barrel)</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.03 kg	6 Tubular	\$2587
<b>Marlin 336LTS Texan</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3 kg	5 Tubular	\$2564
<b>Marlin 336 Zipper</b>	.219 Zipper	3.08 kg	5 Tubular	\$1427
<b>Marlin 336 Zipper (Heavy Barrel)</b>	.219 Zipper	3.53 kg	5 Tubular	\$1438
<b>Marlin 336CC</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.2 kg	6 Tubular	\$2602
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.4 kg	8 Tubular	\$2648
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy</b>	.375 H&H Magnum	5 kg	8 Tubular	\$5718
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy</b>	.38-55 Ballard	4.24 kg	8 Tubular	\$1082
<b>Marlin 336XLR</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.4 kg	5 Tubular	\$2718
<b>Marlin 336XLR</b>	.35 Remington	3.88 kg	5 Tubular	\$3867
<b>Marlin 308MXLR</b>	.308 Marlin Express	3.18 kg	5 Tubular	\$2572
<b>Marlin 336TDL</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	6 Tubular	\$2620
<b>Marlin 336TDL</b>	.35 Remington	3.18 kg	6 Tubular	\$3701

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>ROF</b>	<b>Damage</b>	<b>Pen</b>	<b>Bulk</b>	<b>SS</b>	<b>Burst</b>	<b>Range</b>
<b>Marlin 336A (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 336A (.32)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 336A (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 336C (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336C (.32)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336C (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336C (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	6	4	Nil	56
<b>Marlin 336ER</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336 Marauder (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	45
<b>Marlin 336 Marauder (.35)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	46
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon (.32)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Marlin 336 Octagon (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20", .30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20", .35)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (20", .44)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Marlin 336T Texan (18.5", .30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	55
<b>Marlin 336LTS</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	45
<b>Marlin 336 Zipper</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	50
<b>Marlin 336 Zipper (HB)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	54
<b>Marlin 336CC</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	62
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy (.375)</b>	LA	7	1-3-5	8	5	Nil	90
<b>Marlin 336 Cowboy (.38-55)</b>	LA	4	1-2-Nil	8	3	Nil	99
<b>Marlin 336XLR (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 336XLR (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	5	Nil	81
<b>Marlin 308MXLR</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	97
<b>Marlin 336TDL (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	5	5	Nil	65
<b>Marlin 336TDL (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	65

**Marlin 375**

Notes: This rifle is designed for one of the more powerful cartridges used in a lever-action rifle, .375 Winchester. Based on the Model 336C, the Model 375 was meant to be a weapon that could be used to hunt in forests and heavy brush, without being stopped by the vegetation. The action is similar to that of the Model 336C along with the same barrel length, and the stock has a pistol grip wrist. The Model 375 proved to be rather unpopular and was produced only from 1980-82, though Marlin overestimated demand and

new examples were available for years thereafter.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 375	.375 Winchester	3.06 kg	5 Tubular	\$2391

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 375	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	75

**Marlin 444**

Notes: The Model 444 was designed in 1959 specifically to fire the then-new .444 Marlin cartridge. Until Marlin technicians came up with this cartridge (which was basically a long version of the .44 Magnum), Marlin had no plans to make a lever-action rifle in this large a caliber; the Marlin 444 was designed specifically to exploit this new cartridge. The Model 444 was based on a modified Model 336 action. The Model 444 uses a straight-wrist stock with a high Monte-Carlo-type comb, a ventilated rubber recoil pad, and a short fore-end. The rear sight is of the spring-leaf and elevator type common on marlin rifles, with a hooded bead front sight. Barrel length is 24 inches.

Variants include the Model 444S (also known as the Marlin 444S Sporter), built from 1972-88; this version used a shorter 22-inch barrel, a straight-wrist, straight-comb stock, and a semi-beavertail fore-end. The rear sight is a simplified version of that found on the standard Model 444. The sling swivels (also found on the standard Model 444) are easily detachable on the Model 444S, while they are permanently-mounted on the Model 444. The Model 444SS is an additional modification of the Model 444S, built from 1988 onward; this version has an additional crossbolt-type safety, and the sling swivels are replaced by permanently-mounted eyes. In 1999, the Model 444P Outfitter was introduced; this is sort of a carbine version of the Model 444SS, with an 18.5-inch barrel that is ported.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The Model 444P does not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 444	.444 Marlin	3.42 kg	5 Tubular	\$1416
Marlin 444S	.444 Marlin	3.4 kg	5 Tubular	\$1396
Marlin 444P	.444 Marlin	3.2 kg	5 Tubular	\$1386

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 444	LA	4	1-2-Nil	7	4	Nil	98
Marlin 444S	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	86
Marlin 444P	LA	3	1-2-Nil	6	2	Nil	67

**Marlin 1894 New Model**

Notes: This is a replica of a standard western-style rifle, with a safety catch and tapping for a scope mount. They are sometimes seen in Westerns. It was chambered for a wide variety of rounds, all suited to the short action of the rifle. The top of the weapon is sandblasted to minimize glare, and the sight is of the Marlin-patented "Wide-Scan" type. Variants of note include the Model 1894C carbine, with a full-length magazine and 18.5-inch barrel; the Model 1894C also has a rubber butt plate, and a squared lever; the Model 1894CSS is the same weapon, with stainless steel metalwork polished externally. Both also have black walnut furniture. The Model 1894 Cowboy has a 20-inch tapered octagon barrel and a 10-round magazine; the 1894M, fires .22 magnum cartridges; the Model 1894S carbine, with a 20-inch barrel and an additional safety. The Model 1894SS is a stainless steel metalwork version of the original Model 1894, that is chambered only for .44 Magnum/.44 Special.

Newer variants of the Model 1894 include the Models 1894SBL and CSBL; both have a MIL-STD-1913 rail atop the receiver and extending halfway down the barrel, a folding rear semi-buckhorn sight with a Ghost Ring front sight with a fiberoptic inlay, a Big Loop lever; black walnut furniture with checkering on the wrist and fore-end (hand-cut), an 16.25-inch barrel with deep-cut Ballard rifling, metalwork of stainless steel; and a trigger guard plate and hammer block manual safety. Differences between the SBL and CBSL include the finish (polished stainless steel receiver, barrel, lever, and magazine tube, the fore-end cap on the SBL is bright nickel-plated and blued on the CBSL. The Model 1894SBL is chambered and designed to use either .44 Magnum, .44 Special, or both interchangeably, and has a larger magazine tube; the Model CBSL is chambered and designed to use .357 Magnum, .38 Special, or both interchangeably. The Model 1894SBL has a rubber recoil pad on the butt, while the Model CSBL has simply a hard rubber ribbed butt plate.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The Model 1894SBL and CSBL do not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline, as design work did not begin until the late 2000s and they did not reach market until 2011.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 1894	.218 Bee	2.84 kg	6 Tubular	\$1082
Marlin 1894	.25-20 Winchester	3.1 kg	6 Tubular	\$1331
Marlin 1894	.32-20 Winchester	2.41 kg	6 Tubular	\$592
Marlin 1894	.357 Magnum	2.55 kg	6 Tubular	\$690
Marlin 1894	.38 Special	2.49 kg	6 Tubular	\$645
Marlin 1894	.41 Magnum	2.74 kg	6 Tubular	\$826

Marlin 1894	.44 Magnum	2.82 kg	6 Tubular	\$888
Marlin 1894	.44 Special	2.74 kg	6 Tubular	\$823
Marlin 1894	.45 Long Colt	2.91 kg	6 Tubular	\$964
Marlin 1894C	.218 Bee	2.79 kg	9 Tubular	\$1046
Marlin 1894C	.25-20 Winchester	3.04 kg	9 Tubular	\$1295
Marlin 1894C	.32-20 Winchester	2.37 kg	9 Tubular	\$556
Marlin 1894C	.357 Magnum	2.5 kg	9 Tubular	\$654
Marlin 1894C	.38 Special	2.45 kg	9 Tubular	\$609
Marlin 1894C	.41 Magnum	2.69 kg	9 Tubular	\$791
Marlin 1894C	.44 Magnum	2.77 kg	9 Tubular	\$853
Marlin 1894C	.44 Special	2.69 kg	9 Tubular	\$787
Marlin 1894C	.45 Long Colt	2.86 kg	9 Tubular	\$929
Marlin 1894 Cowboy	.357 Magnum	2.79 kg	10 Tubular	\$710
Marlin 1894 Cowboy	.44 Magnum	3.07 kg	10 Tubular	\$909
Marlin 1894 Cowboy	.44-40 Winchester	3.09 kg	10 Tubular	\$918
Marlin 1894 Cowboy	.45 Long Colt	3.18 kg	10 Tubular	\$985
Marlin 1894M	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.41 kg	11 Tubular	\$387
Marlin 1894S	.218 Bee	2.81 kg	6 Tubular	\$1061
Marlin 1894S	.25-20 Winchester	3.07 kg	6 Tubular	\$1310
Marlin 1894S	.32-20 Winchester	2.38 kg	6 Tubular	\$571
Marlin 1894S	.357 Magnum	2.52 kg	6 Tubular	\$669
Marlin 1894S	.38 Special	2.46 kg	6 Tubular	\$624
Marlin 1894S	.41 Magnum	2.71 kg	6 Tubular	\$806
Marlin 1894S	.44 Magnum	2.79 kg	6 Tubular	\$867
Marlin 1894S	.44 Special	2.71 kg	6 Tubular	\$802
Marlin 1894S	.45 Long Colt	2.88 kg	6 Tubular	\$944
Marlin 1894SBL	.44 Magnum and .44 Special	2.72 kg	8 Tubular	\$857
Marlin 1894CBSL	.357 Magnum and .38 Special	2.6 kg	7 Tubular	\$638

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 1894 (.218)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	63
Marlin 1894 (.25-20)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	63
Marlin 1894 (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	63
Marlin 1894 (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1894 (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	60
Marlin 1894 (.41)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1894 (.44 Magnum)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1894 (.44 Special)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	60
Marlin 1894 (.45)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1894C (.218)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	53
Marlin 1894C (.25-20)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	52
Marlin 1894C (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	74
Marlin 1894C (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	52
Marlin 1894C (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	49
Marlin 1894C (.41)	LA	4	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	51
Marlin 1894C (.44 Magnum)	LA	4	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	52
Marlin 1894C (.44 Special)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	49
Marlin 1894C (.45)	LA	3	2-Nil	5	3	Nil	52
Marlin 1894 Cowboy (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	68
Marlin 1894 Cowboy (.44 Magnum)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	68
Marlin 1894 Cowboy (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	69
Marlin 1894 Cowboy (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	68
Marlin 1894M	LA	1	Nil	5	3	Nil	57
Marlin 1894S (.218)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	57
Marlin 1894S (.25-20)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
Marlin 1894S (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	68
Marlin 1894S (.357)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	56
Marlin 1894S (.38)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	54
Marlin 1894S (.41)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
Marlin 1894S (.44 Magnum)	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56

<b>Marlin 1894S (.44 Special)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	54
<b>Marlin 1894S (.45)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Marlin 1894SBL (.44 Magnum)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	54
<b>Marlin 1894SBL (.44 Special)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	43
<b>Marlin 1894CBSL (.357 Magnum)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	54
<b>Marlin 1894CBSL (.38 Special)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	43

### Marlin 1894 Old Model

Notes: Introduced in 1894, the first Model 1894 was renamed the Model 94 in 1906. It is an improved version of the Marlin 1889, and is a side-ejecting rifle with a new locking bolt, two-piece firing pin, and a 24-inch octagonal or heavy round barrel. Production had largely stopped by 1915, but in 1922, production resumed, only to stop again in 1924. Small batches were then assembled from old parts from 1928-29, and they were offered in Marlin's catalogues until 1933. The receiver, hammer, buttplate, and fore-end cap were color-case hardened.

Variants included the Model 1894 Baby, which was a carbine with a 20-inch standard-weight barrel, a short magazine, and a very light weight. It was produced concurrently with the standard Model 1894. The Model 1894 Carbine generally used a 20-inch heavy barrel, but rare sub-variants had a barrel of only 15 inches. Receivers of the Carbine were generally blued. The Model 1894 Musket used a heavy round 30-inch barrel and was produced only from 1897-1907. Very few were made. Some were made with lugs for the British P/1888 sword bayonet.

Production of the Model 1894 was so large that exact figures are to this day unknown.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Marlin 1894</b>	.25-20 Winchester	3.64 kg	13 Tubular	\$1363
<b>Marlin 1894</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.9 kg	15 Tubular	\$624
<b>Marlin 1894</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.2 kg	14 Tubular	\$930
<b>Marlin 1894 Baby</b>	.38-40 Winchester	2.49 kg	6 Tubular	\$795
<b>Marlin 1894 Baby</b>	.44-40 Winchester	2.59 kg	6 Tubular	\$882
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20" Barrel)</b>	.25-20 Winchester	3.57 kg	11 Tubular	\$1321
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15" Barrel)</b>	.25-20 Winchester	3.48 kg	8 Tubular	\$1269
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20" Barrel)</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.84 kg	12 Tubular	\$582
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15" Barrel)</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.77 kg	9 Tubular	\$530
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20" Barrel)</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.13 kg	12 Tubular	\$888
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15" Barrel)</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.05 kg	9 Tubular	\$836
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket</b>	.25-20 Winchester	3.74 kg	16 Tubular	\$1425
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.98 kg	18 Tubular	\$686
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.28 kg	17 Tubular	\$993

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Marlin 1894 (.25-20)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	71
<b>Marlin 1894 (.32-20)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	6	1	Nil	85
<b>Marlin 1894 (.44-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	71
<b>Marlin 1894 Baby (.38-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Marlin 1894 Baby (.44-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20", .25-20)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	58
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15", .25-20)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	42
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20", .32-20)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	70
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15", .32-20)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	58
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (20", .44-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	58
<b>Marlin 1894 Carbine (15", .44-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	42
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket (.25-20)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	91
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket (.32-20)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	7	1	Nil	110
<b>Marlin 1894 Musket (.44-40)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	8	3	Nil	91

### Marlin 1895 New Model

Notes: Introduced in 1972, this replica of the original Model 1895 is based on a modified Model 336 receiver, but altered to handle the .45-70 Government cartridge. The top of the receiver is sandblasted to reduce glare. The butt has a hard rubber non-slip buttplate. The Models 1895S and 1895SS are similar, but have styling differences and/or sight differences; the Model 1895S had a pistol grip wrist with white spacers for the grip cap and buttplate, and was only produced from 1981-84. The Model 1895SS uses a crossbolt safety catch and sling swivels (until 1988) or sling eyes (after 1988).

In 2006, Marlin introduced a new version of this rifle, called the Model 1895XLR. This is essentially the same as the Model 336XLR (q.v.), but is chambered for the .45-70 Government cartridge. A Model 1895MXLR version was also introduced, chambered for .450 Marlin instead of .45-70 Government, but otherwise identical.

In 2011, SSK Industries, a custom gunsmithing firm, converted an 1895 with a 22-inch barrel to fire the .500 B&M Alaskan round. This round has long been a favorite of lever-action users, but guns to fire this round have long been found only in individual builds. The build has bright stainless steel metalwork finishing, a dark wood stock and fore-end with checkering in the pistol grip wrist and fore-end, a MIL-STD-1913 rail atop the receiver, and a heavy barrel. The iron sights are in the scout position, with the front sight having a fiberoptic inlay. The butt has a thick Pachmayr Decelerator recoil pad. This is about the closest one will find to a factory build .500 Alaskan rifle.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The Model 1895XLR and MXLR are not available in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 1895	.45-70 Government	3.4 kg	4 Tubular	\$1460
Marlin 1895XLR	.45-70 Government	3.4 kg	4 Tubular	\$1479
Marlin 1895MXLR	.450 Marlin	3.18 kg	4 Tubular	\$1526
SSK Marlin 1895	.50 B&M Magnum	3.4 kg	4 Tubular	\$1693

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 1895	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	147
Marlin 1895XLR	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	163
Marlin 1895MXLR	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	86
SSK Marlin 1895	LA	5	1-2-3	7	5	Nil	74

### Marlin 1895 Old Model

Notes: The original Marlin Model 1895 (called the Model 95 after 1905) was basically a Model 1894 Old Model which was redesigned for more powerful cartridges and had some other alterations and improvements. The standard Model 1895 used a 26-inch barrel, and this was the most common barrel length, but barrels of 15, 20, 22, 24, 28, 30, and 32 inches were also available. The stock was of hardwood with a steel buttplate, and the rifles usually had half-length fore-ends with tubular magazines, though a full-length fore-end and magazine could be had upon request. The receivers were almost always color-case hardened, except for the carbines (22-inch barrel or less was considered a carbine version), which had a blued receiver. The stock could have a straight or pistol grip wrist. Several grades of decoration and woods could be used upon request. The Model 1895 was built from 1895 to 1915, but the .40-70 chambering was not available until 1897. In 1903, a Hepburn tangent rear sight was added. In 1912, a lightweight model was introduced, chambered only for .33 Winchester and with a 24-inch barrel and half-length fore-end and magazine, along with a buttplate normally used on shotguns of the time.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.41 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$3071
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.48 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$3123
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.5 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$3143
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.53 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$3164
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.56 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$3184
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.59 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$3205
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.61 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$3225
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.33 Winchester	5.64 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$3245
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.11 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$4153
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.19 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$4305
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.22 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$4366
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.25 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$4428
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.32 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$4489
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.34 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$4550
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.37 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$4611
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.38-56 Winchester	6.4 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$4672
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.11 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$1107
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.16 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1158
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.18 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$1178
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.2 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$1199
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.25 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$1219
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.27 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1240
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.29 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1260
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.40-60 Marlin	4.31 kg	6 Tubular, 12 Tubular	\$1281
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.12 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$1115
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.17 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1166
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.19 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1186
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.21 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$1207
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.26 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$1228

Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.28 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1248
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.3 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1269
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.40-65 Winchester	4.32 kg	6 Tubular, 12 Tubular	\$1289
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.24 kg	2 Tubular, 4 Tubular	\$5352
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.32 kg	3 Tubular, 6 Tubular	\$5505
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.34 kg	3 Tubular, 6 Tubular	\$5566
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.37 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$5627
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.4 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$5688
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.43 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$5749
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.45 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$5810
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.40-70 Winchester	6.48 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$5871
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.26 kg	2 Tubular, 4 Tubular	\$5371
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.34 kg	3 Tubular, 6 Tubular	\$5524
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.36 kg	3 Tubular, 6 Tubular	\$5585
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.39 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$5646
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.42 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$5707
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.45 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$5768
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.47 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$5830
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.40-82 Winchester	6.5 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$5891
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.49 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$1388
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.55 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1439
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.57 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$1460
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.59 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$1481
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.64 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$1501
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.67 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$1522
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.69 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1542
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.45-70 Government	4.71 kg	6 Tubular, 12 Tubular	\$1563
Marlin 1895 (15" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.71 kg	3 Tubular, 5 Tubular	\$1536
Marlin 1895 (20" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.77 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1587
Marlin 1895 (22" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.79 kg	4 Tubular, 7 Tubular	\$1608
Marlin 1895 (24" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.81 kg	4 Tubular, 8 Tubular	\$1628
Marlin 1895 (26" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.87 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$1649
Marlin 1895 (28" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.9 kg	5 Tubular, 9 Tubular	\$1669
Marlin 1895 (30" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.92 kg	5 Tubular, 10 Tubular	\$1690
Marlin 1895 (32" Barrel)	.45-90 Winchester	4.94 kg	6 Tubular, 11 Tubular	\$1710
Marlin 1895 Lightweight	.33 Winchester	3.54 kg	4 Tubular	\$3163

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Marlin 1895 (15", .33)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	40
Marlin 1895 (20", .33)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .33)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .33)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .33)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .33)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	100
Marlin 1895 (30", .33)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	107
Marlin 1895 (32", .33)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (15", .38-56)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	40
Marlin 1895 (20", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	99
Marlin 1895 (30", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	107
Marlin 1895 (32", .38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (15", .40-60)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	40
Marlin 1895 (20", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	100



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Marlin 1895 (30", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	107
Marlin 1895 (32", .40-60)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (15", .40-65)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	40
Marlin 1895 (20", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	99
Marlin 1895 (30", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	107
Marlin 1895 (32", .40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (15", .40-70)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	5	Nil	39
Marlin 1895 (20", .40-70)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (28", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	103
Marlin 1895 (30", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	10	5	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (32", .40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	10	5	Nil	121
Marlin 1895 (15", .40-82)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	5	Nil	39
Marlin 1895 (20", .40-82)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	5	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	9	5	Nil	103
Marlin 1895 (30", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	10	5	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (32", .40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	10	5	Nil	121
Marlin 1895 (15", .45-70)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	57
Marlin 1895 (20", .45-70)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	79
Marlin 1895 (22", .45-70)	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	87
Marlin 1895 (24", .45-70)	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	98
Marlin 1895 (26", .45-70)	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	106
Marlin 1895 (28", .45-70)	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	113
Marlin 1895 (30", .45-70)	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	121
Marlin 1895 (32", .45-70)	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	128
Marlin 1895 (15", .45-90)	LA	3	2-Nil	5	4	Nil	39
Marlin 1895 (20", .45-90)	LA	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	62
Marlin 1895 (22", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	72
Marlin 1895 (24", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	82
Marlin 1895 (26", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	92
Marlin 1895 (28", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	103
Marlin 1895 (30", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	114
Marlin 1895 (32", .45-90)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	121
Marlin 1895 Lightweight	LA	5	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	82

**Mossberg 400 Palomino**

Notes: The Model 400 was built from 1959-71, and was for the most a standard-pattern rimfire lever-action rifle. The receiver was slab-sided, with a tubular underbarrel magazine and a lever loop curved to fit the pistol grip wrist of the stock. The stock was of the Monte Carlo-type, with checkering on the pistol grip wrist. The fore-end was short and squared in cross-section; the pistol grip wrist cap and the buttplate had decorative white spacers. Barrel length was 24 inches, with sighting being done through a spring-leaf and elevator rear sight and bead front sight. The Model 400-A was virtually identical, but used a fixed notch-type rear sight which was dovetailed in and replaceable. It is identical to the Model 400 for game purposes.

The Model 402 was a carbine variant which proved to be far more popular than the rifle version. The Model 402 was introduced in 1961 with an 18.5-inch barrel, but this was replaced by a 20-inch barrel in 1964. Sights were simple but adjustable, and sling swivels were standard.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Mossberg 400</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.49 kg	20 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$349
<b>Mossberg 402 (18.5" Barrel)</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.18 kg	20 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$294
<b>Mossberg 402 (20" Barrel)</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, or .22 Long Rifle	2.18 kg	20 (.22 Short), 17 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Mossberg 400 (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	6	1	Nil	40
<b>Mossberg 400 (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	44
<b>Mossberg 400 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	48
<b>Mossberg 402 (18.5", .22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	31
<b>Mossberg 402 (18.5", .22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	35
<b>Mossberg 402 (18.5", .22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>Mossberg 402 (20", .22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	33
<b>Mossberg 402 (20", .22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	37
<b>Mossberg 402 (20", .22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	41

**Mossberg 464**

Notes: This lever-action rifle harkens back to earlier rifle designs of the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, with a classic design graced by some modern features. It is heavily influenced by the Winchester 94, and is meant to replace it as a US-built traditional lever-action rifle. The stock and foregrip are hardwood finished to look like walnut; this makes the rifle lighter while not spoiling its traditional looks. The .30-30 version is available with a straight wrist or a pistol grip wrist; the rimfire model is available only with a straight wrist. .30-30 models come with a 20-inch barrel, while the rimfire model uses an 18-inch barrel. Sights consist of a folding adjustable rear sight and a bead front sight, and the receiver is also drilled and tapped for a scope mount. The manual safety is on the tang; when it is applied, the trigger movement is blocked.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Mossberg 464</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.04 kg	7 Tubular	\$2643
<b>Mossberg 464</b>	.22 Long Rifle	2.54 kg	14 Tubular	\$344

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Mossberg 464 (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	81
<b>Mossberg 464 (.22)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	48

**Mossberg 472**

Notes: The Model 472 was introduced in 1972, and is based mostly on the old-style Browning-designed Winchester rifles, but with some elements similar to those of the Marlin 336 and the Mossberg 400. Production continued until 1982.

The locking-bolt mechanism is basically pure Winchester, but the trigger mechanism was attached to the lever loop, enabling very rapid firing. The Model 472 is side-ejecting, so it is possible to have the rifle drilled and tapped or grooved for a scope mount, though it does not come from the factory in that condition.

The basic version of the Model 472 is the Model 472PR, with a pistol grip wrist stock, curved buttplate, a short magazine, and a 24-inch barrel. The Model 472PC is the carbine counterpart, with a 20-inch barrel but a slightly longer full-length magazine. (The Model 472SC is the same weapon except for its straight wrist stock, and is identical to the Model 472PC for game purposes, the Model 472SR is the same idea, but based on the Model 472PR.) The Model 479PCA is essentially an improved .30-30 version of the Model 472PC; the Model 479PR is an improved Model 472PR, and the Model 479SR is an improved 472SR. The improvements made are all in the area of their safety mechanisms, and they are all identical to their predecessors for game purposes.

The Models 472SA and 472SB Brush Guns were chambered for .30-30 and .35 caliber respectively, used straight wrist stocks, and had full-length magazines (for the length of their 18-inch barrels). Mechanisms were the same as the other Model 472s.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Mossberg 472PR	.30-30 Winchester	3.19 kg	5 Tubular	\$2643
Mossberg 472PR	.35 Remington	3.65 kg	5 Tubular	\$3792
Mossberg 472PC	.30-30 Winchester	3.11 kg	6 Tubular	\$2602
Mossberg 472PC	.35 Remington	3.55 kg	6 Tubular	\$3670
Mossberg 472SA	.30-30 Winchester	3.08 kg	5 Tubular	\$2582
Mossberg 472SB	.35 Remington	3.51 kg	5 Tubular	\$3609

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Mossberg 472PR (.30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	81
Mossberg 472PR (.35)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	81
Mossberg 472PC (.30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Mossberg 472PC (.35)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Mossberg 472SA	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	53
Mossberg 472SB	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	53

### Navy Arms Henry

Notes: This is a very old-style design, with an octagonal barrel, iron frame, and folding leaf sights. It is a faithful reproduction of an American classic.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Navy Arms Henry (16.5" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.4 kg	7 Tubular	\$1680
Navy Arms Henry (22" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.8 kg	9 Tubular	\$1737
Navy Arms Henry (24" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	4.2 kg	9 Tubular	\$1757

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Navy Arms Henry (16.5")	LA	5	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	46
Navy Arms Henry (22")	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	62
Navy Arms Henry (24")	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	69

### Patriot Ordnance Factory Tombstone

Notes: The Tombstone is an unusual lever-action rifle, not only for its chambering, but for its design. Forward of the magazine (and that's another unusual lever-action design, being fed by a box magazine), the Tombstone is very AR-like, with handguards featuring M-LOK slots at 3, 6, and 9 o'clock, and a short Picatinny Rail above and below the barrel at the end of the handguards, along with its flat-black finish. (Flat Dark Earth is also available.) Atop the receiver is another longer Picatinny Rail. Behind the magazine, it is much more like a traditional lever-action rifle, with a square receiver and action, a hammer-fired chamber with an extension for the right thumb, the action lever, and a Magpul 870 synthetic stock with a rubber recoil pad originally meant for a 12-gauge shotgun. The barrel is 16.5 inches, is free floating, is of heavy profile, and is tipped by a large muzzle brake which is removable. (Recoil mitigation must have been one of the things at the top of the designer's mind.) The action lever features a large loop with a short throw to make cycling easier and quicker.

Sean Lewis at *Pew Pew Tactical* Says that due to the blend of traditional elements and up-to-date elements to the design of the Tombstone, it would not look out of place in the SF series *Firefly*. He also noted that the Tombstone, while a good lever-action ranch rifle, requires a break-in period of over 200 rounds before it is an accurate and reliable rifle. The action lever also requires a crisp throw or a spent case might not be ejected properly.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Tombstone	9mm Parabellum	2.61 kg	20	\$588

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Tombstone	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	38

### Pedersoli 1886

Notes: Pedersoli makes a fine reproduction of the Winchester M-1886/71, with virtually every detail reproduced. Like the original, the stockwork is of fine walnut, checkered on the semi-pistol grip and fore-end. The receiver, trigger, and lever are color-case hardened, and the barrel is blued. The rear sights are of the buckhorn-type, adjustable for elevation and windage. The front sight is protected by a tunnel and is removable; the front sight is also removable. The rifle can also be equipped with an accessory rail under the fore-end, for use with lasers or lights. The hammer is exposed, and has a half-cock safety position. The stock has a recoil pad, in red. The barrel is 26 inches and is a PMG quality barrel.

The Model 1886/71 uses a special 24-inch PMG deluxe barrel, has steel locking lugs, a Microcell butt pad, and is drilled and

tapped for a Creedmoor sight, as well as for sight rings or a MIL-STD-1913 rail at the rear. The walnut is one grade higher at Grade I. It is otherwise identical to the Model 1886 for game purposes.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Pedersoli 1886	.45-70 Government	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$1563
Pedersoli 1886	.40-82 Winchester	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$5800
Pedersoli 1886	.444 Marlin	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$1445
Pedersoli 1886/71	.45-70 Government	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$1542
Pedersoli 1886/71	.40-82 Winchester	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$5738
Pedersoli 1886/71	.444 Marlin	3.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$1424

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Pedersoli 1886 (.45-70)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	3	Nil	95
Pedersoli 1886 (.40-82)	LA	7	1-3-5	8	5	Nil	115
Pedersoli 1886 (.444)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	96
Pedersoli 1886/71 (.45-70)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	85
Pedersoli 1886/71 (.40-82)	LA	7	1-3-5	8	5	Nil	86
Pedersoli 1886/71 (.444)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	85

### Reeder Alaskan Classic

Notes: This is a highly-customized version of the Marlin 1895. The standard barrel is replaced by a shorter but heavier 16.25-inch barrel, with Reeder Deep Throat chambering to allow it to digest virtually any sort of ammunition. The barrel is also target-crowned, and engraved with scrollwork and the legend "Gary Reeder Alaskan Classic." The iron sights are replaced by an XS Ghost Ring rear and Reeder Barrel-Band front sight. The standard tubular magazine is replaced by a heavy-duty tube tightly secured to the barrel. The stock has a Pachmayr Decelerator recoil pad on the butt. The receiver is also engraved, with hunting scenes of the customer's choice. The ejection port is greatly enlarged, and the action lever is likewise enlarged. The action is tuned to be super smooth in operation. The metalwork's finish is bead-blasted stainless steel, except for the engraved sides of the receiver, which are bright stainless steel. However, a black ChromeX finish is optional.

Twilight 2000 Notes: This rifle does not exist in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Alaskan Classic	.45-70 Government	2.27 kg	6 Tubular	\$1454
Alaskan Classic	.444 Marlin	2.19 kg	6 Tubular	\$1344
Alaskan Classic	.450 Marlin	2.27 kg	6 Tubular	\$1453

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Alaskan Classic (.45-70)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	5	5	Nil	63
Alaskan Classic (.444)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	57
Alaskan Classic (.450)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	4	Nil	57

### Remington Nylon 76 Trail Rider

Notes: The Nylon 76 is a modification of the Nylon 66 semiautomatic rifle; it is basically the autoloader with a lever attached to the bolt and the semiautomatic feature removed. This weapon was supposed to appeal to people who wanted a modern equivalent of an old-fashioned rifle, but it seems not many of those existed, and the conversion of the Nylon 66 to a lever-action rifle didn't really work that well, either. Production was stopped after less than two years.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Nylon 76	.22 Long Rifle	1.88 kg	14 Tubular	\$311

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Nylon 76	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	40

### Ruger 96

Notes: The Ruger 96 includes four rifles in four different calibers. All have an 18.5-inch barrel and are roughly the same size (about 37 inches long), and are similar to the Ruger 10/22 but in lever-action. The action is of course, entirely different, being a magazine-fed lever-action rifle. The receivers of the rimfire versions are made of aluminum alloy, while the .44 Magnum version has a steel receiver. The rimfire versions are drilled and tapped for a scope; the .44 Magnum version has an integral scope base. They also have folding rear leaf sights and bead front sights.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Ruger 96/17M	.17 Hornady Rimfire Magnum	2.38 kg	9	\$586
Ruger 96/22	.22 Long Rifle	2.27 kg	10	\$289

<b>Ruger 96/22M</b>	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.49 kg	9	\$352
<b>Ruger 96/44M</b>	.44 Magnum	2.84 kg	4	\$854

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>ROF</b>	<b>Damage</b>	<b>Pen</b>	<b>Bulk</b>	<b>SS</b>	<b>Burst</b>	<b>Range</b>
<b>Ruger 96/17M</b>	LA	2	1-1-Nil	5	2	Nil	57
<b>Ruger 96/22</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>Ruger 96/22M</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	57
<b>Ruger 96/44M</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	62

**Savage 99 (Pre-World War 2)**

Notes: This rifle is a descendant of earlier Savage lever-action designs stretching back to 1887. The Savage 99 was designed shortly after World War 1 by Arthur Savage himself, and production stopped shortly after World War 2 began. The Savage 99 is fed from an internal rotary magazine, unusual for a lever-action rifle. Most of these pre-World War 2 rifles are essentially identical for game purposes, but the following variants of note exist.

The Model 99E is a carbine form of the Model 99; it has a 20-inch barrel. The Model 99F (Featherweight) is a lightened takedown version. The Model 99R fired only two different cartridges, but used a 24-inch barrel for the .300 Savage chambering. All versions include a hefty breechblock, which locks strongly against the receiver. The receiver itself is machined from a block of solid steel. The magazine is of the rotary type, and there is a small window on the right side that tells the shooter how many rounds he has left in the magazine. The rotary magazine also allows for the use of spitzer bullets, something few rifles with tubular magazines can handle. The Savage 99 is "hammerless;" the hammer is actually internal to the mechanism and does not protrude outside of the receiver whether cocked or safe. The manual safety is on the underside of the rifle, just behind the trigger guard.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Savage 99A	.300 Savage	3.31 kg	5 Internal	\$2440
Savage 99A	.303 Savage	3.44 kg	5 Internal	\$2659
Savage 99A	.30-30 Winchester	3.42 kg	5 Internal	\$2628
Savage 99E	.250 Savage	2.86 kg	5 Internal	\$1789
Savage 99E	.300 Savage	3.23 kg	5 Internal	\$2420
Savage 99E	.303 Savage	3.42 kg	5 Internal	\$2638
Savage 99E	.30-30 Winchester	3.4 kg	5 Internal	\$2607
Savage 99F	.250 Savage	2.62 kg	5 Internal	\$1810
Savage 99F	.300 Savage	2.95 kg	5 Internal	\$2440
Savage 99F	.303 Savage	3.13 kg	5 Internal	\$2659
Savage 99F	.30-30 Winchester	3.11 kg	5 Internal	\$2628
Savage 99R	.250 Savage	3.29 kg	5 Internal	\$1810
Savage 99R	.300 Savage	3.79 kg	5 Internal	\$2461

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Savage 99A/F (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	71
Savage 99A/F (.303)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
Savage 99A/F (.30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
Savage 99E (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	59
Savage 99E (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Savage 99E (.303)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Savage 99E (.30-30)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Savage 99F/R (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	67
Savage 99R (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	80

**Savage 99 (Post-World War 2)**

Notes: Production of the Savage 99 continued after World War 2. The rifles produced were largely the same as the pre-war rifles, but were built with more modern methods and in some cases, materials. Some new options were also offered in some cases, such as detachable box magazines. Chamberings also evolved into more modern ones. However, by 1985, all production of the Savage 99 series had stopped with the exception of the 99C. An amazing amount of over one million of the Savage 99 series had been built; it is perhaps the most common lever-action rifle in the world.

The post-war Model 99A was basically a modernized version of the pre-war rifle, with better safeties, and dropping of the .303 Savage and .30-30 Winchester chamberings in favor of .243 Winchester and 7.62mm NATO. The Model 99C has a detachable box magazine. A new Model 99E, also a carbine version, was developed, as well as a new Model 99F. A new 99R was also made, but all of these had 24-inch barrels in post-war form.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Savage 99A	.243 Winchester	2.9 kg	5 Internal	\$1744
Savage 99A	.250 Savage	2.94 kg	5 Internal	\$1810
Savage 99A	.300 Savage	3.31 kg	5 Internal	\$2440
Savage 99A	7.62mm NATO	3.47 kg	5 Internal	\$2604
Savage 99C	.243 Winchester	2.82 kg	4	\$1744
Savage 99C	.284 Winchester	3.4 kg	3	\$2430
Savage 99C	7.62mm NATO	3.37 kg	4	\$2603
Savage 99E	.243 Winchester	2.88 kg	5 Internal	\$1724
Savage 99E	.250 Savage	2.92 kg	5 Internal	\$1789
Savage 99E	.300 Savage	3.29 kg	5 Internal	\$2420

<b>Savage 99E</b>	7.62mm NATO	3.45 kg	5 Internal	\$2584
<b>Savage 99F</b>	.243 Winchester	2.46 kg	5 Internal	\$1744
<b>Savage 99F</b>	.250 Savage	2.5 kg	5 Internal	\$1810
<b>Savage 99F</b>	7.62mm NATO	2.95 kg	5 Internal	\$2604
<b>Savage 99R</b>	.243 Winchester	2.92 kg	5 Internal	\$1765
<b>Savage 99R</b>	.250 Savage	2.96 kg	5 Internal	\$1830
<b>Savage 99R</b>	.300 Savage	3.33 kg	5 Internal	\$2461
<b>Savage 99R</b>	7.62mm NATO	3.49 kg	5 Internal	\$2624
<b>Savage 99R</b>	.358 Winchester	4.07 kg	5 Internal	\$3939

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Savage 99A (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	60
Savage 99A (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	67
Savage 99A (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	71
Savage 99A (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
Savage 99C (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	60
Savage 99C (.284)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	75
Savage 99C (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
Savage 99E (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	52
Savage 99E (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	59
Savage 99E (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
Savage 99E (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	62
Savage 99F (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	60
Savage 99F (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	67
Savage 99F (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
Savage 99R (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	68
Savage 99R (.250)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	5	Nil	76
Savage 99R (.300)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	80
Savage 99R (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	81
Savage 99R (.358)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	81

**Shiloh Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle**

Notes: This is a reproduction of the Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle by Shiloh Rifle Manufacturing of Montana. This particular version of their Sharps 1874 reproductions (they make 11 reproductions of the various types of Sharps 1874 rifles), is sort of a "carbine" model, one of the shorter-barreled models they make, with a 26" barrel. It comes in several chamberings, and is able to fire both blackpowder and modern loads. The barrel is octagonal, with several weights available (the version below is with the heavy barrel). The standard stock is a straight-grain walnut stock with a straight wrist, but a version made from beautiful semi-fancy American black walnut is also available, as well as woods of fancy, extra-fancy, and presentation-grades. The finish on the metal may be color case-hardened, French gray, bone & charcoal, matte blued, or antique metal, with a pewter fore-end grip. The butt may be sculpted out of the wood, have a steel plate, or a rubber end. This rifle is lever-action, with a falling-block operation and single shot.

Twilight 2000 Notes: This is a very rare weapon in the Twilight 2000 timeline.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.30-40 Krag	4.26 kg	1 Internal	\$1637
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.38-55 Ballard	4.53 kg	1 Internal	\$697
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.40-50 Sharps Straight	4.42 kg	1 Internal	\$700
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.40-70 Sharps Straight	4.72 kg	1 Internal	\$837
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.40-90 Sharps Straight	5.06 kg	1 Internal	\$1003
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.44-77 Sharps & Remington	4.84 kg	1 Internal	\$890
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.44-90 Sharps Straight	5.04 kg	1 Internal	\$992
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.45-70 Government	4.99 kg	1 Internal	\$881
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.45-90 Sharps	5.16 kg	1 Internal	\$965
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.45-100 Sharps	5.27 kg	1 Internal	\$1021
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.45-110 Sharps	5.35 kg	1 Internal	\$1064
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.45-120 Sharps	5.62 kg	1 Internal	\$1205
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.50-70 Government	5.05 kg	1 Internal	\$894
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle	.50-90 Sharps	5.6 kg	1 Internal	\$1160

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.30-40)	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	86

<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.38-55)</b>	SS	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.40-50)</b>	SS	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	87
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.40-70)</b>	SS	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.40-90)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	80
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.44-77)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.44-90)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.45-70)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.45-90)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.45-100)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.45-110)</b>	SS	4	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	92
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.45-120)</b>	SS	5	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	91
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.50-70)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	84
<b>Sharps 1874 Saddle Rifle (.50-90)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	92

### **Smith & Wesson 320 Revolving Rifle**

Notes: This is a small-arms revolver taken to its greatest (and some would say, most ridiculous) extreme. The revolver portion is essentially a Smith & Wesson #3 with very long barrels and a forearm sleeve attached. At the time of its introduction, the Model 320 was considered expensive, deficient in onboard ammo supply, and somewhat of a contrivance, and few were built and even less sold. 239 of the 16-inch-barrel version were built, 514 of the 18-inch-barrel model, 224 of the 20-inch-barrel versions were built. The barrel could not be removed and the revolver returned to its pistol form only with the services of a skilled armorer. The .320 Revolving Rifle cartridge was made specifically for this weapon. These rifles were produced from 1879-1887.

The stock is designed to fit into grooves on the back of the revolver's grip, with a claw going around the bottom of the grip. The stock is otherwise made from Circassian Walnut and design-wise, similar to the stock that was available for Model #3 for a short time. The stock has a black hard rubber textured butt plate. The rear sight attaches to the front of the stock, and is a ladder-type sight on a long, folding riser. There is no rear sight on the actual revolver.

Today, if you find one with the stock, box, and cartridge box, keep it, you may need to make a down payment on a car someday; the RL price is greatly in excess of the T2K price.

The figures below are for the rifle configuration, with stock, if you try to fire without one, it is one level more difficult to hit. The stock, however, is \$25 less if you don't have one.

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Magazines</b>	<b>Price</b>
<b>S&amp;W 320 (16" Barrel)</b>	.320 Revolving Rifle	2.09 kg	6 Cylinder	\$230
<b>S&amp;W 320 (18" Barrel)</b>	.320 Revolving Rifle	2.2 kg	6 Cylinder	\$251
<b>S&amp;W 320 (20" Barrel)</b>	.320 Revolving Rifle	2.3 kg	6 Cylinder	\$271

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>ROF</b>	<b>Damage</b>	<b>Pen</b>	<b>Bulk</b>	<b>SS</b>	<b>Burst</b>	<b>Range</b>
<b>S&amp;W 320 (16")</b>	DAR	1	Nil	4	2	Nil	33
<b>S&amp;W 320 (18")</b>	DAR	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>S&amp;W 320 (20")</b>	DAR	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42

### **Taylor's & Company Spencer Rifle**

Notes: This is a modern reproduction of the Civil War Spencer Rifle. This reproduction is capable of firing cased blackpowder and smokeless powder rounds. The Taylor's & Company reproduction is built by Armi Sport in Italy, but Kenny Howell of Taylor's & Company owns the rights to the Spencer Rifle Company name, so they actually sell the rifle. This reproduction has an oil-finished walnut stock, and a color case-hardened receiver, with a blued barrel. The rear sight is a Sharps type with a thick blade-type front sight. The Taylor's & Company reproduction shoots high at short range when using these sights; this is because the original Spencer rifle did exactly the same thing, and the reproduction is designed to mimic this behavior. A deviation from the original is the magazine; original Spencers held seven rounds, regardless of caliber. The statistics below are for smokeless powder rounds.

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Magazines</b>	<b>Price</b>
<b>Spencer Rifle</b>	.44 S&W Russian	3.9 kg	9 Tubular	\$713
<b>Spencer Rifle</b>	.45 S&W Schofield	4.14 kg	9 Tubular	\$843
<b>Spencer Rifle</b>	.56-50 Spencer	4.3 kg	6 Tubular	\$963

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>ROF</b>	<b>Damage</b>	<b>Pen</b>	<b>Bulk</b>	<b>SS</b>	<b>Burst</b>	<b>Range</b>
<b>Spencer Rifle (.44)</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	50
<b>Spencer Rifle (.45)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	52
<b>Spencer Rifle (.56-50)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	51

### **Ted Williams Model 100**



Notes: Though branded "Ted Williams," this rifle was sold exclusively through the Sears & Roebuck catalog in the late 1950s-early 1980s, and is quite similar to the pre-64 Winchester 94 Short Rifle. It is not some kind of collectors' heirloom; instead the Model 100 is now sold as a cheap alternative to the Winchester 94, priced at around \$200 (RL) and easily found as many were produced. It is now sold through a plethora of gun shops and dealers nationwide, as well as Canada and Mexico. (It can sometimes be found at Walmart and Sporting Goods stores.) It is officially a rifle by today's standards, with a 20-inch medium-profile barrel of black steel with a satin finish, and other metalwork of the same finish. The receiver, however, is finished in satin carbon steel with a weatherproofing finish. Both have an undercoating that helps the overcoating and bluing to adhere, and it does the job. It was a carbine by 1950's standards, and sold that way throughout its manufacture.

Though in many ways similar to the pre-64 Model 94, the Model 100 does not have a manual thumb safety and the right-side of the receiver is not designed for side ejection, ejecting spent shells straight up. The actual manual safety of the Model 100, a switch on the left side, felt a little strange to some shooters. Shooters did, however, like the way the hammer worked; it had a half-cock position and worked almost silently, including its striking of the hammer. Furniture is of mid-quality walnut and has a weatherproofing varnish. The Model 100 has a brass buttplate that is checkered. Model 100s and clones are drilled and tapped for scope mounts.

The rimfire version of the Model 100 uses an 18.5-inch barrel, and can fire .22 Short, .22 Long, .22 Long Rifle, and .22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire cartridges. Both the rear and front sights are fixed. A similar rifle, the Ted Williams Model 49, uses a 22-inch barrel instead, but is otherwise the same for game purposes. The Model 45 is almost identical, but is a single-shot model, requiring reloading between shots, and having a faux magazine tube. The Model 45s and Model 49s also come chambered for .35 Remington.

It should be noted that most parts that will fit into a Model 100 will work in a pre-64 Winchester 94 and vice versa. In fact, many of the Model 100s were actually manufactured by Winchester. The Model 45s and 49s were mostly manufactured by Marlin, and some parts will work in a Marlin 336CS and vice versa.

The Model 54 is equivalent to the same rifle as the standard Model 100, but is finished in fancy grade with fine walnut furniture, and is otherwise the same as the Model 100 for game purposes.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>Ted Williams Model 100</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.08 kg	7 Tubular	\$750
<b>Ted Williams Model 100 Rimfire</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, .22 Long Rifle, .22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	3.08 kg	22 Tubular (.22 Short), 24 Tubular (.22 Long), 17 Tubular (.22 Long Rifle), 11 Tubular (.22 WMR)	\$357
<b>Ted Williams Model 45</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	1 Internal	\$288
<b>Ted Williams Model 45</b>	.35 Remington	3.18 kg	1 Internal	\$300
<b>Ted Williams Model 49</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	8 Internal	\$765
<b>Ted Williams Model 49</b>	.35 Remington	3.18 kg	8 Internal	\$910

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>Ted Williams Model 100</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Ted Williams Model 100 Rimfire (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	6	1	Nil	31
<b>Ted Williams Model 100 Rimfire (.22 Long)</b>	LA	-1	Nil	6	1	Nil	35
<b>Ted Williams Model 100 Rimfire (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	38
<b>Ted Williams Model 100 Rimfire (.22 Magnum)</b>	LA	1	Nil	6	1	Nil	47
<b>Ted Williams Model 45 (.30-30)</b>	SS	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Ted Williams Model 45 (.35)</b>	SS	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Ted Williams Model 49 (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
<b>Ted Williams Model 49 (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72

**Winchester M71**

Notes: The M71 was sort of star-crossed from the beginning. Designed specifically to fire the .348 Winchester round, the rifle and its ammunition were designed to replace not only a whole gang of cartridges (such as the .33 Winchester, .45-70 Government, and the .405 Winchester, amongst others), but several rifles then in production such as the M1895, M1886, and to serve as a complement to the M-70 bolt-action rifle. Unfortunately, this was in 1935. With the Great Depression lingering on and shooters not having the cash for a new rifle and its then-proprietary ammunition, the M71 did not sell well until 1953, when it was discontinued after nearly two decades of poor sales. Which is too bad, since the M71 and its ammunition were state-of-the-art for the time.

And it may have a "too-bad" story – but Winchester brought it back to its lineup in mid-2012 in virtually an identical version (changed mostly in production methods and metal quality) and firing the same cartridge as before. Sales are not great, but it is a great rifle for those who never got an M71 the first time it was around.

The M71 is essentially a product-improved version of the Winchester M1886 rifle, and the two can be confused before a close inspection.

A version of the M71 was released by Browning in the mid-1980s as a limited edition; it showed the same craftsmanship as the original M71, but also winked out fast. Winchester M71 and Browning M71 barrels can actually be interchanged, as can those of the older versions and the new production versions.

The M71 originally came with two barrel lengths – a 24-inch barrel rifle and a 20-inch barrel carbine. Current production is of the rifle only. The barrels are round but tapered. Stocks are Walnut (select-quality in the new production version); external metalwork is blued (and deeply-polished in the new production). They have a blued steel tubular magazine cap. The wrist is straight, with a trigger guard sized for use with gloves. Sights are a rear hooded buckhorn and a front hooded bead, making target acquisition quick. The hammer is exposed and there is a top-tang safety designed for visibility of the weapon's state. The M71 is drilled and tapped for a side-mount scope. The Deluxe version differs primarily in the high grade of wood used and the finish of the wood and checkering; in the past, Deluxe versions of the Rifle and Carbine were both made. For most game tasks, the older and newer versions are identical except for the weight of the different metals (due to different production methods).

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
M71 Rifle (Old)	.348 Winchester	3.95 kg	4 Tubular	\$4136
M71 Carbine	.348 Winchester	3.86 kg	4 Tubular	\$4014
M71 Rifle (New)	.348 Winchester	3.63 kg	4 Tubular	\$4136

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
M71 Rifle (Old)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	5	Nil	82
M71 Carbine	LA	5	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	62
M71 Rifle (New)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	82

**Winchester M88**

Notes: Built in large numbers, this lever-action rifle was designed to reliably feed pointed-nose projectiles by putting the cartridges in a box magazine. It uses a short-throw lever and has a one-piece stock. A 5-round capacity version was tried, but this strained the magazine spring and the magazine capacity quickly reverted to four. (Nonetheless, if you can track down magazines made in those few months at the end of 1956, you could have a five-round magazine. Any failures are your fault!) A carbine version is also built, with a 19-inch barrel. In 1962, the .358 loading was deleted from production, replaced by the then-new .284 Winchester round. Some 284,000 were built between 1955 and 1973.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
M88	.243 Winchester	2.67 kg	4	\$1748
M88	.284 Winchester	2.96 kg	4	\$2415
M88	7.62mm NATO	3.09 kg	4	\$2609
M88	.358 Winchester	3.52 kg	4	\$3885
M88 Carbine	.243 Winchester	2.65 kg	4	\$1713
M88 Carbine	.284 Winchester	2.93 kg	4	\$2384
M88 Carbine	7.62mm NATO	3.06 kg	4	\$2578
M88 Carbine	.358 Winchester	3.49 kg	4	\$3793

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
M88 (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	60
M88 (.284)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	66
M88 (7.62mm)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
M88 (.358)	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	72
M88 Carbine (.243)	LA	3	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	48

<b>M88 Carbine (.284)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	53
<b>M88 Carbine (7.62mm)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	58
<b>M88 Carbine (.358)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	58

### Winchester M94

Notes: This weapon comes in several versions and calibers. Perhaps the most popular American lever-action rifle, the Winchester M94 has safety catch, side-ejection, and provisions for a scope mount. The Model 94 Trapper is a carbine version; the Model 94XTR is a version in 7-30 Waters; the Model 94 Big Bore is a model in more powerful calibers; and the Model 9422XTR is a small-caliber version. The M94 Ranger is a lightweight version of the .30-30 M94's 20-inch barrel version; the Ranger is lighter, but is not nearly as strongly-built, and there is a lot of play in its parts, especially in the cocking lever. The trigger also has a lot of overtravel and feels spongy. The Winchester M94 Timber is designed specifically for the powerful .450 Marlin cartridge, and uses a shorter 18-inch barrel and a 3/4-length magazine that still holds only four rounds; the barrel is ported to further tame the .450 Marlin's recoil, and a rubber recoil pad is located in the butt. The Timber Scout is a smaller "scout rifle" version of the Timber, with a forward "stalker-mounted" MIL-STD-1913 sight rail (which may be removed and replaced with other types of scope mounts if desired), backup XS Ghost Ring sights, stainless steel receiver, barrel, and magazine tube (with the receiver being blued), and a walnut stock and pump slide. It is chambered for smaller cartridges than the Timber. In 2006, a takedown version of the Timber Scout was introduced; this version fires all three Timber cartridges, and the barrel, magazine, scope mount, and pump slide may be removed from the receiver and stock as a unit for transport. It is otherwise identical to the Timber and Timber Scout for game purposes, though the .450 Marlin version uses the forward-mounted scope mount that the Timber Scout uses.

The Winchester 94 Trails End is a new carbine model introduced in the past few years; it is intended both for cowboy shooting enthusiasts and the general user. It has the features present in Old-West-style carbines, such as a saddle ring, an extended fore-end, a gold bead front sight, and a top tang safety. The Trails End Hunter Round was introduced in 2005, with a straight metal butt plate and drilled and tapped for a safety, as well as having a hammer spur extension. The Trails End Octagon uses a crescent-shaped butt plate and a heavy octagonal barrel for extra accuracy. It may be blued or in case-color hardened metalwork (other Trails End carbines are blued only). The Trails End Hunter Octagon is basically a rifle-caliber Trails End Octagon in case-color hardened finish. Though these are excellent carbines, the lack of drilling and tapping on most of them (or even adjustable sights) limits their utility somewhat, and the trigger pull is a bit hard at 7 pounds. Their magazine capacity, however, is commendable, particularly in pistol calibers.

In early 2006, Winchester revealed that the Winchester 94 production line would be discontinued on 31 March 2006. Already-produced Model 94s will continue to be sold, but they will be sold by the US Repeating Arms subsidiary in Belgium. No new Model 94s will be produced after 31 March. (For that matter, the Winchester factory itself is being closed down, and the Winchester name is to be sold to US Repeating Arms, with further production of "Winchester" rifles being carried out in Belgium, Portugal, and Japan.) However...

Production of the Winchester 94 did continue in a smaller amount of versions. In 2010, they reintroduced the M94 in a short Rifle version, a visually plain model of deeply-satin-blued steel and medium-quality walnut with a satin finish. However, the new Winchester 94 Short Rifle has several features that earlier Model 94s didn't have, and some of which have been incorporated into other Model 94s still in production. The M94 Short Rifle has a thumb manual safety placed into the tang of the receiver so as to not spoil the lines of the rifle. The hammer is a rebounding type, so no half-cock is possible. The Short Rifle has a trigger stop; only a fully-closed lever allows the Short Rifle to be fired – it otherwise acts as a sort of passive trigger safety. The action of the Short Rifle, compared to other Model 94s, is noticeably smoother than other Model 94s; some shooters say that this modified action gets smoother the more it is fired. The buttplate is a flat polymer plate. The furniture of the Short Rifle is varnished with weatherproofing varnish, but some shooters have said that this varnish wears off way too easily, leaving patches of bare wood. The receiver is drilled and tapped for scope mounts. Unlike previous Model 94s, case ejection from the Short Rifle is straight to the right, instead of being up and over the right shoulder (or possibly in the face of a left-hander) like the rest of Model 94s. The front sight is a marbles brass bead, and the rear sight is an adjustable buckhorn. This is combined with a better-than-average quality trigger and barrel. It is a lightweight rifle, with a 20-inch barrel. Perhaps the biggest strike against popular use of the Short Rifle is the RL price – heftier than many AR-15s and clones.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The M94 Timber, Timber Scout and Trails End series do not exist, nor does the M9417. On the bright side, Winchester is still located in the US, even if the factory is abandoned...

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Magazines</b>	<b>Price</b>
<b>Winchester M94 (20" Barrel)</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.95 kg	6 Tubular	\$1415
<b>Winchester M94 (24" Barrel)</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.15 kg	6 Tubular	\$1455
<b>Winchester M94XTR (20" Barrel)</b>	7-30 Waters	3.2 kg	7 Tubular	\$1241
<b>Winchester M94XTR (24" Barrel)</b>	7-30 Waters	3.4 kg	7 Tubular	\$1281
<b>Winchester M94 Big Bore</b>	.307 Winchester	2.95 kg	6 Tubular	\$1409
<b>Winchester M94 Big Bore</b>	.356 Winchester	2.95 kg	6 Tubular	\$2233
<b>Winchester M94 Ranger</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.84 kg	6 Tubular	\$2602
<b>Winchester M94 Timber</b>	.450 Marlin	2.72 kg	4 Tubular	\$1515
<b>Winchester M94 Timber Scout</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.72 kg	6 Tubular	\$2582
<b>Winchester M94 Timber Scout</b>	.44 Magnum	2.72 kg	9 Tubular	\$848
<b>Winchester M94 Trapper</b>	.30-30 Winchester	2.78 kg	9 Tubular	\$1374

<b>Winchester M94 Trapper</b>	.44 Magnum	2.78 kg	9 Tubular	\$506
<b>Winchester M94 Trapper</b>	.45 Long Colt	2.78 kg	9 Tubular	\$545
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.357 Magnum	2.95 kg	11 Tubular	\$670
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.44 Magnum	3.03 kg	11 Tubular	\$868
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.06 kg	11 Tubular	\$945
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.25-35 Winchester	2.95 kg	7 Tubular	\$1891
<b>Hunter Round</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.07 kg	7 Tubular	\$2603
<b>Hunter Round</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.38-55 Ballard	3.26 kg	6 Tubular	\$4398
<b>Hunter Round</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.357 Magnum	3.06 kg	11 Tubular	\$681
<b>Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.44 Magnum	3.14 kg	11 Tubular	\$883
<b>Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.17 kg	11 Tubular	\$961
<b>Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.25-35 Winchester	3.06 kg	7 Tubular	\$1896
<b>Hunter Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.18 kg	7 Tubular	\$2608
<b>Hunter Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End</b>	.38-55 Ballard	3.38 kg	6 Tubular	\$4335
<b>Hunter Octagon</b>				
<b>Winchester M9422XTR</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.84 kg	21 (.22 Long), 17 Long, 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309
<b>Winchester M9422XTR</b>	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.84 kg	15 Tubular	\$372
<b>Winchester M9417</b>	.17 Hornady Magnum Rimfire	2.84 kg	14 Tubular	\$311
<b>Winchester M94 Short Rifle</b>	.30-30 Winchester	3.08 kg	7 Tubular	\$1417

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>ROF</b>	<b>Damage</b>	<b>Pen</b>	<b>Bulk</b>	<b>SS</b>	<b>Burst</b>	<b>Range</b>
<b>Winchester M94 (20", .30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	62
<b>Winchester M94 (24", .30.30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	81
<b>Winchester M94XTR (20", 7-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	61
<b>Winchester M94XTR (24", 7-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	79
<b>Winchester M94 Big Bore (.307 Win)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	63
<b>Winchester M94 Big Bore (.356 Win)</b>	LA	5	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	63
<b>Winchester M94 Ranger</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	62
<b>Winchester M94 Timber</b>	LA	5	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	53
<b>Winchester M94 Timber Scout (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	53
<b>Winchester M94 Timber Scout (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-1-Nil	6	3	Nil	50
<b>Winchester M94 Trapper (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	44
<b>Winchester M94 Trapper (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-1-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
<b>Winchester M94 Trapper (.45)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End (.357)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	67
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	67
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End (.45)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Round (.25-35)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	55
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Round (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	62
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Round (.38-55)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	62
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Octagon (.357)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	70
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Octagon (.44)</b>	LA	4	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	70
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Octagon (.45)</b>	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	58
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Octagon (.25-35)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	57
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Octagon (.30-30)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	65
<b>Winchester M94 Trails End Hunter Octagon (.38-55)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	65
<b>Winchester M9422XTR (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-1	Nil	5	1	Nil	34
<b>Winchester M9422XTR (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>Winchester M9422XTR (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42
<b>Winchester M9422XTR (.22 Magnum)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	55

<b>Winchester M9417</b>	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	53
<b>Winchester M94 Short Rifle</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	5	Nil	63

**Winchester M250**

Notes: Sister rifle to the M270 and M290, the M250 is externally similar to those rifles, but of course, internally very different. The receiver is built largely of aluminum alloy, and the ejection port is on the right side so the receiver can be grooved for a scope mount. The M255 is similar, but fires magnum cartridges. Other versions differ primarily in stock and/or sight design, and are identical to the basic rifle for game purposes.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>M250</b>	.22 Short, .22 Long, and .22 Long Rifle	2.27 kg	21 (.22 Short), 18 (.22 Long), 15 (.22 Long Rifle); Tubular	\$309
<b>M255</b>	.22 Winchester Magnum Rimfire	2.47 kg	11 Tubular	\$373

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>M250 (.22 Short)</b>	LA	-2	Nil	5	1	Nil	34
<b>M250 (.22 Long)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	38
<b>M250 (.22 Long Rifle)</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	42
<b>M255</b>	LA	1	Nil	5	1	Nil	53

**Winchester M1876**

Notes: One of the most popular and successful rifles of the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries, the M1876 was built until 1897; however, they were so well-made that most examples today, even if they've been sitting in an attic for 80 years, can still be used today with a minimum of maintenance (I recently saw one on the *Pawn Stars* program which was still functioning flawlessly). The origins of the M1876 began with an experimental .45-70-405 prototype in 1871, which were submitted to the US Army for evaluation in 1872, but not picked up. Winchester sent the design back for retooling, and they came out in time for the 1876 Centennial Exposition in Philadelphia, thereafter often being called the Winchester "Centennial" Edition. It is often described as being an enlarged M1873, but this is incorrect – it was a new design which originally predated the M1873, and based partially on the earlier rare M1866. Total production figures were 63,870.

The M1873 could be had as a full-sized rifle, an express rifle, a carbine, or even a musket (which will not be covered here). Various models abounded, differing primarily in adornment and adjustments to individual shooters. The original M1876 was chambered for .45-70; the 40-60 and 50-95 chamberings were added in 1879 and the 45-60 chambering in 1884. The standard M1876 Sporting Rifle had a 28-inch half-octagonal or full-octagonal barrel. It normally was sold with a 12-round tubular magazine, though a half-length 6-round magazine was also available. The standard Sporting Rifle had a straight wrist, but the M1876 Special Sporting Rifle had a pistol grip wrist and a Vernier peep sight on the tang behind the hammer.

The M1876 Carbine had a 22-inch round barrel with an almost full-length fore-end and a magazine that held nine rounds. 750 of a full-length-stock version were made, for Royal Northwest Mounted Police of Canada; they are not as popular today as a standard M1873 Carbine and barely sold on the civilian market at the time. The M1876 Express Rifle was sort of the in-between version, with a 26-inch half-octagonal or full-octagonal barrel. The magazine was short, holding only four rounds, and the fore-end likewise short. The sights consist of a rear spring-leaf with an elevator.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle</b>	.45-70 Government	4.54 kg	12 Tubular	\$1514
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.37 kg	12 Tubular	\$1374
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.77 kg	12 Tubular	\$1702
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.22 kg	12 Tubular	\$1145
<b>M1876 Carbine</b>	.45-70 Government	4.43 kg	9 Tubular	\$1445
<b>M1876 Carbine</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.26 kg	9 Tubular	\$1305
<b>M1876 Carbine</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.65 kg	9 Tubular	\$1633
<b>M1876 Carbine</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	4.12 kg	9 Tubular	\$1076

<b>Carbine M1876 Express Rifle</b>	.45-70 Government	4.15 kg	4 Tubular	\$1491
<b>M1876 Express Rifle</b>	.45-60 Winchester Centerfire	3.99 kg	4 Tubular	\$1351
<b>M1876 Express Rifle</b>	.50-95 Winchester Centerfire	4.36 kg	4 Tubular	\$1679
<b>M1876 Express Rifle</b>	.40-60 Winchester Centerfire	3.86 kg	4 Tubular	\$1122

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle (.45-70)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	117
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle (.45-60)</b>	LA	4	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	97
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle (.50-95)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	98
<b>M1876 Sporting Rifle (.40-60)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	8	3	Nil	97
<b>M1876 Carbine (.45-70)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	89
<b>M1876 Carbine (.45-60)</b>	LA	4	2-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
<b>M1876 Carbine (.50-95)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
<b>M1876 Carbine (.40-60)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	71
<b>M1876 Express Rifle (.45-70)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	7	4	Nil	109
<b>M1876 Express Rifle (.45-60)</b>	LA	4	2-Nil	7	4	Nil	90
<b>M1876 Express Rifle (.50-95)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	91
<b>M1876 Express Rifle (.40-60)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	7	3	Nil	89

**Winchester M1886**

Notes: The Model 1886 was designed to correct the one shortcoming in the Model 1876 – its inability to handle cartridges with high chamber pressures. They did this by purchasing the rights to a Browning design that used a dropping block action strengthened by locking with sturdy vertical-sliding bars. This design was further improved by improving the feed mechanism. Production began in 1886, chambered in .40-82, .45-70, and .45-90, but by 1900 14 cartridges were chambered in the M1886. Five major variants were built.

The M1886 Sporting Rifle was a standard-design lever rifle except for its action, with a straight wrist and a 26-inch barrel fed by a tubular barrel. A Fancy version of this rifle was produced, identical except for the quality of the wood of its stock and its fit and finish. The M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle was also the same, but had a shorter tube magazine and quality fit and finish. The M1886 Takedown Rifle came apart for storage at in front of the action; it was not successful and only 250 were built. The Extra Lightweight Rifle had a 22-inch barrel and was only slightly more successful, with only 650 built; it was chambered only in one cartridge. The M1886 Carbine had a 22-inch barrel, but was made only in very small numbers. It was replaced in 1889 by a similar rifle that had a half-length fore-end. The M1886 Musket was also made only in small numbers (about 350); they had a 30-inch barrel, military sights, and a bayonet socket.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.33 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$924
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.38-56 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1081
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.38-72 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1289
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-65 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1228
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-70 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1358
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-72 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1451
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-75 Bullard	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1215
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.40-82 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$1361
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.45-70 Government	4.1 kg	8 Tubular	\$1486
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.45-85 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	8 Tubular	\$1653
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.45-90 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	8 Tubular	\$1648
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.50-100-405 Winchester Centerfire	4.1 kg	7 Tubular	\$1993
<b>M1886 Sporting Rifle</b>	.50-110 Express	4.1 kg	7 Tubular	\$2977
<b>M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle</b>	.33 Winchester	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$920
<b>M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle</b>	.38-56 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1077
<b>M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle</b>	.38-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1285
<b>M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle</b>	.40-65 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1224

M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.40-70 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1354
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.40-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1447
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.40-75 Bullard	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1211
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.40-82 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	5 Tubular	\$1357
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.45-70 Government	3.98 kg	4 Tubular	\$1482
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.45-85 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	4 Tubular	\$1649
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.45-90 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	4 Tubular	\$1644
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.50-100-405 Winchester Centerfire	3.98 kg	4 Tubular	\$1989
M1886 Half-Magazine Rifle	.50-110 Express	3.98 kg	4 Tubular	\$2973
M1886 Takedown Rifle	.45-70 Government	3.9 kg	8 Tubular	\$1561
M1886 Extra Lightweight Rifle	.45-70 Government	3.57 kg	4 Tubular	\$1443
M1886 Carbine	.33 Winchester	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$883
M1886 Carbine	.38-56 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1040
M1886 Carbine	.38-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1248
M1886 Carbine	.40-65 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1186
M1886 Carbine	.40-70 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1316
M1886 Carbine	.40-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1410
M1886 Carbine	.40-75 Bullard	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1174
M1886 Carbine	.40-82 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	7 Tubular	\$1321
M1886 Carbine	.45-70 Government	3.97 kg	6 Tubular	\$1445
M1886 Carbine	.45-85 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	6 Tubular	\$1612
M1886 Carbine	.45-90 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	6 Tubular	\$1608
M1886 Carbine	.50-100-405 Winchester Centerfire	3.97 kg	5 Tubular	\$1952
M1886 Carbine	.50-110 Express	3.97 kg	5 Tubular	\$2935
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.33 Winchester	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$879
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.38-56 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1036
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.38-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1244
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.40-65 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1182
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.40-70 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1312
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.40-72 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1406
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.40-75 Bullard	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1170
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.40-82 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1317
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.45-70 Government	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1441
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.45-85 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1608
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.45-90 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1604
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.50-100-405 Winchester Centerfire	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$1948
M1886 Carbine (1889)	.50-110 Express	3.85 kg	4 Tubular	\$2931
M1886 Musket	.45-70 Government	4.23 kg	9 Tubular	\$1526

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.33)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.38-70)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	3	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.40-65)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.40-70)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.40-72)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	8	4	Nil	110
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.40-75)	LA	3	2-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.40-82)	LA	6	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.45-70)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.45-85)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.45-90)	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	106
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.50-100-405)	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	111
M1886 Sporting Rifle (.50-110)	LA	6	1-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	137
M1886 Takedown Rifle	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	92
M1886 Extra Lightweight Rifle	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
M1886 Carbine (.33)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
M1886 Carbine (.38-56)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	6	6	Nil	72

<b>M1886 Carbine (.38-70)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.40-65)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.40-70)</b>	LA	6	2-4-Nil	6	6	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.40-72)</b>	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	4	Nil	86
<b>M1886 Carbine (.40-75)</b>	LA	3	2-Nil	6	3	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.40-82)</b>	LA	6	2-4-Nil	6	6	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.45-70)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.45-85)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	6	4	Nil	72
<b>M1886 Carbine (.45-90)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	83
<b>M1886 Carbine (.50-100-405)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	86
<b>M1886 Carbine (.50-110)</b>	LA	6	1-2-3	6	4	Nil	115
<b>M1886 Musket</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	4	Nil	107

### Winchester M1892

Notes: This rifle is basically a reduced-size version of the Model 1886, built from 1892-1941. It was built to use the then-new smokeless powder rounds, and to be able to fire shorter-cased rounds than the Model 1886. Originally, the Model 1892 was chambered in .25-20, .32-20, .38-40, and .44-40. The action of the Model 1892 is especially smooth and well-liked by its users. It was such a popular rifle, and produced in such large numbers, that exact production figures are unknown. The Model 1892 was an especially common rifle in early Western films – though not historically accurate, the Model 1892 resembled the Model 1873 if you didn't look too close and it was far more available than the Model 1873.

Over the years, many replicas and near-replicas of the Model 1892 have been produced, both in the US and overseas, including the Spanish El Tigre, the Brazilian Rossi 92, various Italian companies, and several other countries in Central and South America. However, the most accurate replicas available today are sold by Davidson's, and built in Japan, and were introduced in 1997. Though they are also available in three chamberings the original Model 1892 never had (.357 Magnum, .44 Magnum, and .45 Long Colt), they are historically accurate and look like the originals, and though made using modern manufacturing methods, are built from the same materials as the originals. However, the Davidson's models have Winchester's modern safety system, which includes a sliding tang safety (the original used only a half-cock safety).

The standard Model 1892 has a 24-inch half-octagonal or octagonal barrel. There is also a carbine version with a 20-inch round barrel, and "Trapper's Carbiners" with barrels of 12, 14, 16, and 18 inches. The standard rifle has a straight-wrist stock, but a Fancy Sporting Rifle, with a pistol grip wrist stock and available half-barrel length magazine, was also sold (identical to the standard model for game purposes; if it has a half-length magazine, it holds only half the ammunition). A takedown version was also sold starting in 1893, but it was not successful and few were made. (It is identical to the standard Model 1892 for game purposes.) From 1924-32, a version known as the Model 53 was built; this was a simplified version, with a 22-inch round barrel and a half-length magazine. (A takedown model was also made, which was also not successful.) The Model 65 was an improved Model 53, and was built from 1933-1947. Changes from the Model 53 included an improved trigger and front sight, as well as a pistol grip wrist stock. It also added a .218 Bee chambering, with a 24-inch barrel, in 1939. Only about 5700 Model 65s were built.

Twilight 2000 Notes: The new Davidson's replicas are not available in the Twilight 2000 timeline. This means that M1892s of any type in .357 Magnum, .44 Magnum, and .45 Long Colt are also not available.

<b>Weapon</b>	<b>Ammunition</b>	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Magazines</b>	<b>Price</b>
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.25-20 Winchester	2.93 kg	11 Tubular	\$528
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.32-20 Winchester	3.1 kg	11 Tubular	\$638
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.38-40 Winchester	3.48 kg	11 Tubular	\$857
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.357 Magnum	3.3 kg	11 Tubular	\$736
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.62 kg	11 Tubular	\$944
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.44 Magnum	3.61 kg	11 Tubular	\$934
<b>M1892 Rifle</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.72 kg	11 Tubular	\$1009
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.25-20 Winchester	2.75 kg	9 Tubular	\$467
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.91 kg	9 Tubular	\$577
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.38-40 Winchester	3.26 kg	9 Tubular	\$796
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.357 Magnum	3.1 kg	9 Tubular	\$675
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.4 kg	9 Tubular	\$883
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.44 Magnum	3.39 kg	9 Tubular	\$873
<b>M1892 Carbine</b>	.45 Long Colt	3.49 kg	9 Tubular	\$950
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.25-20 Winchester	2.55 kg	5 Tubular	\$386
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.32-20 Winchester	2.7 kg	5 Tubular	\$495
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.38-40 Winchester	3.02 kg	5 Tubular	\$714
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.357 Magnum	2.87 kg	5 Tubular	\$593
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.44-40 Winchester	3.15 kg	5 Tubular	\$801
<b>M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)</b>	.44 Magnum	3.14 kg	5 Tubular	\$791



M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	3.24 kg	5 Tubular	\$867
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.25-20 Winchester	2.6 kg	6 Tubular	\$406
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.32-20 Winchester	2.75 kg	6 Tubular	\$515
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.38-40 Winchester	3.08 kg	6 Tubular	\$735
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	2.93 kg	6 Tubular	\$613
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.21 kg	6 Tubular	\$821
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.44 Magnum	3.2 kg	6 Tubular	\$812
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	3.3 kg	6 Tubular	\$888
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.25-20 Winchester	2.65 kg	7 Tubular	\$426
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.32-20 Winchester	2.8 kg	7 Tubular	\$536
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.38-40 Winchester	3.14 kg	7 Tubular	\$755
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	2.99 kg	7 Tubular	\$634
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.27 kg	7 Tubular	\$842
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.44 Magnum	3.26 kg	7 Tubular	\$832
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	3.36 kg	7 Tubular	\$908
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.25-20 Winchester	2.7 kg	8 Tubular	\$447
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.32-20 Winchester	2.85 kg	8 Tubular	\$556
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.38-40 Winchester	3.2 kg	8 Tubular	\$775
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.357 Magnum	3.05 kg	8 Tubular	\$654
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.44-40 Winchester	3.33 kg	8 Tubular	\$862
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.44 Magnum	3.32 kg	8 Tubular	\$852
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18" Barrel)	.45 Long Colt	3.42 kg	8 Tubular	\$929
M53/M65 Rifle	.25-20 Winchester	2.79 kg	6 Tubular	\$487
M53/M65 Rifle	.32-20 Winchester	2.95 kg	6 Tubular	\$597
M53 Rifle	.44-40 Winchester	3.44 kg	6 Tubular	\$902
M65 Rifle	.218 Bee	3.68 kg	6 Tubular	\$1107

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
M1892 Rifle (.25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	1	Nil	76
M1892 Rifle (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	1	Nil	91
M1892 Rifle (.38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	75
M1892 Rifle (.357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	90
M1892 Rifle (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	75
M1892 Rifle (.44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	90
M1892 Rifle (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	75
M1892 Carbine (.25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	57
M1892 Carbine (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	68
M1892 Carbine (.38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
M1892 Carbine (.357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	67
M1892 Carbine (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
M1892 Carbine (.44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	67
M1892 Carbine (.45)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	56
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .25-20)	LA	2	Nil	4	1	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	4	2	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .38-40)	LA	2	1-Nil	4	3	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	4	3	Nil	35
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	4	3	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	4	3	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (12", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	4	3	Nil	29
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	4	1	Nil	37
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	4	2	Nil	36
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	43
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	36
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (14", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	36
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	53
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	53

M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	53
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (16", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	44
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	1	Nil	51
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	5	2	Nil	61
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .38-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	50
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .357)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	60
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	51
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .44)	LA	4	1-2-Nil	5	3	Nil	60
M1892 Trapper's Carbine (18", .45)	LA	3	1-Nil	5	3	Nil	50
M53/M65 Rifle (.25-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	1	Nil	63
M53/M65 Rifle (.32-20)	LA	2	1-Nil	6	2	Nil	76
M53 Rifle (.44-40)	LA	3	1-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
M65 Rifle (.218)	LA	3	1-Nil	7	3	Nil	70

**Winchester M1895**

Notes: This was one of the favorite hunting rifles of Theodore Roosevelt, especially when hunting big game in Africa. That is because of the powerful .405 Winchester cartridge – something Roosevelt called his “Big Medicine for Big Game.” The Winchester 1895 was the last lever-action rifle designed by John Browning. It is unusual for its stripper-clip loading, to an internal box magazine. Variants included the M1895 Carbine with a 20-inch barrel; the Model 1895 Sporting Rifle, with a barrel of 28 inches; and the Model 1895 Modern Version, introduced in 1997 (the others went out of production in 1931). A very rare variant was the “Russian Musket,” designed for the Imperial Russian Army and sold to them between 1915 and 1916. It fires the 7.62mm Nagant cartridge, and they are designed to use sword bayonets of up to 41 centimeters in length!

Twilight 2000 Notes: The M1895 Modern Version does not exist.

Weapon	Ammunition	Weight	Magazines	Price
M1895	.30-03 Springfield	2.92 kg	5 Clip	\$3246
M1895	.30-06 Springfield	2.9 kg	5 Clip	\$3185
M1895	.303 British	2.83 kg	5 Clip	\$2912
M1895	.30-40 Krag	2.85 kg	5 Clip	\$2976
M1895	.35 Winchester	3.11 kg	5 Clip	\$4575
M1895	.38-72 Winchester	3.27 kg	5 Clip	\$1267
M1895	.40-72 Winchester	3.42 kg	5 Clip	\$1429
M1895	.405 Winchester	3.6 kg	5 Clip	\$1459
M1895 Russian Musket	7.62mm Nagant	2.73 kg	5 Clip	\$2774
M1895 Carbine	.30-03 Springfield	2.85 kg	5 Clip	\$3205
M1895 Carbine	.30-06 Springfield	2.83 kg	5 Clip	\$3144
M1895 Carbine	.303 British	2.76 kg	5 Clip	\$2871
M1895 Carbine	.30-40 Krag	2.78 kg	5 Clip	\$2935
M1895 Carbine	.35 Winchester	3.04 kg	5 Clip	\$4451
M1895 Carbine	.38-72 Winchester	3.19 kg	5 Clip	\$1227
M1895 Carbine	.40-72 Winchester	3.34 kg	5 Clip	\$1389
M1895 Carbine	.405 Winchester	3.51 kg	5 Clip	\$1418
M1895 Sporting	.303 British	2.86 kg	5 Clip	\$2953
M1895 Sporting	.35 Winchester	3.14 kg	5 Clip	\$4694
M1895 Sporting	.38-72 Winchester	3.31 kg	5 Clip	\$1308
M1895 Sporting	.40-72 Winchester	3.46 kg	5 Clip	\$1470
M1895 Sporting	.405 Winchester	3.64 kg	5 Clip	\$1500
M1895 Modern	.270 Winchester	3.63 kg	4 Clip	\$2687
M1895 Modern	.30-06 Springfield	3.94 kg	4 Clip	\$3190

Weapon	ROF	Damage	Pen	Bulk	SS	Burst	Range
M1895 (.30-03)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	69
M1895 (.30-06)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	71
M1895 (.303)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81
M1895 (.30-40)	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	76
M1895 (.35)	LA	5	2-4-Nil	8	6	Nil	82
M1895 (.38-72)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	7	3	Nil	82
M1895 (.40-72)	LA	3	1-2-Nil	7	4	Nil	82
M1895 (.405)	LA	5	1-2-Nil	7	4	Nil	82
M1895 Russian Musket	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	81

US Lever-Action Rifles - Winchester

<b>M1895 Carbine (.30-03)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	53
<b>M1895 Carbine (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	54
<b>M1895 Carbine (.303)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	61
<b>M1895 Carbine (.30-40)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	5	Nil	58
<b>M1895 Carbine (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	7	6	Nil	62
<b>M1895 Carbine (.38-72)</b>	LA	3	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
<b>M1895 Carbine (.40-72)</b>	LA	3	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
<b>M1895 Carbine (.405)</b>	LA	4	1-2-Nil	6	3	Nil	62
<b>M1895 Sporting (.303)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	8	5	Nil	100
<b>M1895 Sporting (.35)</b>	LA	5	2-4-Nil	9	7	Nil	103
<b>M1895 Sporting (.38-72)</b>	LA	3	1-2-Nil	7	4	Nil	103
<b>M1895 Sporting (.40-72)</b>	LA	5	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	103
<b>M1895 Sporting (.405)</b>	LA	4	1-2-3	8	4	Nil	103
<b>M1895 Modern (.270)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	63
<b>M1895 Modern (.30-06)</b>	LA	4	2-3-Nil	7	4	Nil	71